Structured Product Labeling (SPL) Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures

Technical Specifications Document

This Document is incorporated by reference into the following Guidance Document(s):

Guidance for Industry - Electronic Submission of Lot Distribution Reports

Guidance to industry - Providing Regulatory Submissions in Electronic Format - Content of Labeling

Guidance for Industry - Providing Regulatory Submissions in Electronic Format – Drug Establishment Registration and Drug Listing

Guidance for Industry - SPL Standard for Content of Labeling Technical Questions and Answers

Guidance for Industry - Indexing Structured Product Labeling (Final)

Guidance for Industry: Self-Identification of Generic Drug Facilities, Sites, and Organizations

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U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Food and Drug Administration
Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)
Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)
Center for Veterinary Medicine (CVM)
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Structured Product Labeling (SPL) Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures

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1	Introdu	action	5
	1.1 O	rganization	6
	1.2 V	alidation Procedures	6
2	SPL D	ocuments in General	6
	2.1 S	PL Header	6
	2.1.1	General	6
	2.1.2	XML references	7
	2.1.3	Document information	8
	2.1.4	Author Information	9
	2.1.5	Identified Organizations	11
	2.1.6	Address	
	2.1.7	Telecommunication Addresses	12
	2.1.8	Contact Party	13
	2.1.9	Core Document Reference	14
	2.1.10	Predecessor Document	15
	2.2 S	PL Body	.16
	2.2.1	Sections and subsections	
	2.2.2	Text	19
	2.2.3	Images	24
	2.2.4	Highlights	
	2.2.5	Product Data Elements Section	28
3	Produc	et Data Elements	29
	3.1 P	roduct in General	.30
	3.1.2	Equivalence to other Products, Product Source	32
	3.1.3	Additional Identifiers for this Product	34
	3.1.4	Ingredient	35
	3.1.5	Packaging	37
	3.1.6	Kits, Parts, Components and Accessories	39
	3.1.7	Marketing Category and Application Number	44
	3.1.8	Marketing status	48
	3.1.9	Characteristics	50
	3.1.10	71	
	3.1.11	Marking a Package as a Sample [DRAFT]	53
	3.2 D	rug, Dietary Supplement and Medical Food Products	.54
	3.2.1	Code and Name	54
	3.2.2	Product source	56
	3.2.3	Active ingredient	57
	3.2.4	Active moiety	58
	3.2.5	Reference Ingredient for Strength	59
	3.2.6	Inactive ingredient	60
	3.2.7	Packaging	60
	328	Parts	61

3.2.9	Marketing Category	62
3.2.10	Marketing Status and Date	64
3.2.11	DEA schedule	64
3.2.12	Solid Oral Drug Product characteristics	64
3.2.13	Color	66
3.2.14	Shape	66
3.2.15	Size	66
3.2.16	\mathcal{E}	
3.2.17	1	
3.2.18		
3.2.19	$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}$	
3.2.20		
	Device Product	
3.3.1	Item Code and Name	
3.3.2	Additional Device Identifiers	
3.3.3	Equivalence to Predecessor Model [DRAFT]	
3.3.4	Device Ingredient	
3.3.5	Device Packaging [DRAFT]	
3.3.6	Sterile Device Packaging [DRAFT]	
3.3.7	Device Parts	
3.3.8	Part of Assembly	
3.3.9	Regulatory Identifiers	
3.3.10	\mathcal{E}	
3.3.11	Device Characteristics	
3.3.12	3	
3.3.13		
3.3.14		
3.3.15	<u>.</u> ,	
3.3.16	6	
3.3.17	<u>.</u> ,	
	Cosmetic Product	
3.4.1	Item Code and Name	
	Cosmetic Ingredient	
	Cosmetic Parts	
3.4.4	Marketing status and date	
	ood Product [DRAFT]	
	Food Ingredient	
3.5.3	Treatment, Cooking, and Preservation Methods	
3.5.4	Product source	
3.5.5	Packaging	
3.5.6	Contact Surface	
3.5.7	Food Kits and Parts	
3.5.8	Marketing Category	
3.5.9	Marketing Status and Date	
3.5.10	,	
	ummary of Product Data Elements	
Drug I	Labeling and Drug Listing	91

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

	4.1 H	[eader	91
	4.1.1	Document Type	91
	4.1.2	Labeler information	92
	4.1.3	Registrant information	92
	4.1.4	Establishment information	93
	4.1.5	Business Operation Product	95
	4.2 B	ody	
	4.2.1	Required Sections	
5	NDC/I	NHRIC Labeler Code Request	
		leader	
	5.1.1		
	5.1.2	Labeler information	
	5.1.3	Labeler Detail Information	
	5.1.4	Labeler US Agent	
	5.1.5	Labeler Operation	
	5.1.6	1	
		ody - Empty	
6		ishment registration	
		leader	
	6.1.1		
	6.1.2	Registrant information	
	6.1.3	Establishment Information	
	6.1.4	Establishment US agent	
	6.1.5	Import business	
	6.1.6	Establishment operation	
	6.1.7	Business Operation Qualifier	
		ody - Empty	
7		Business Notification.	
		leader	
		Document type	
		ody - Empty	
8		acologic Class Indexing	
_		leader	
		Document type	
	8.1.2	Author information	
		ody	
		Pharmacologic Class Indexing Section	
	8.2.2	Pharmacologic Class Indexing	
	8.2.3	Pharmacologic Class Definition	
9		y Supplement Labeling	
		leader	
		Document Type	
		Labeler information	
	9.1.3		
		ody	
	9.2.1	Required Sections	
10		al Food Labeling	115

10.1 Hea	der	.115
10.1.1	Document Type	115
10.1.2	Labeler information	115
10.1.3	Registrant information	116
10.1.4	Establishment information	116
10.2 Bod	y	.117
10.2.1	Required Sections	117
11 Medical	Device Labeling	117
11.1 Hea	der	.117
11.1.1	Document Type	117
11.1.2	Labeler information	118
11.2 Bod	y	.118
11.2.1	Required Sections	118
12 Billing U	nit Indexing	118
12.1 Hea	der	.119
12.1.1	Document Type	119
12.1.2	Author	119
12.2 Bod	y	
12.2.1	Indexing Section	119
12.2.2	NDC	120
12.2.3	Billing Unit	120
	User Fee Facility Self-Identification	
13.1 Hea	der	
13.1.1	Document type	
13.1.2	Registrant information	
13.1.3	Facility Information	
13.1.4	Facility operation	
13.1.5	Business Operation Qualifier	
13.1.6	Marketing Category and Application Number	
13.2 Bod	y - Empty	.125
	e Indexing	
	der	
14.1.1	Document type	
14.1.2	Author information	
	y	
14.2.1	Substance Indexing Section	
14.2.2	Substance Indexing – Substance Identification	
14.2.3	Substance Name Detail	
14.2.4	Substance Code Mappings – Equivalence	
14.2.5	Substance Mapping – Classification [DRAFT]	
14.2.6	Structural Unit	
14.2.7	Chemical Structure	
14.2.8	Optical Activity	
14.2.9	Completeness of Definition [DRAFT]	
_	- Product Concept	
	der	
15.1.1	Document type	134

15.1.2	Author information	135
15.1.3	Reference Labeling	135
15.2 Boo	ly	
15.2.1	Product Concept Indexing Section	136
15.2.2	Abstract Product Concept	
15.2.3	Ingredient	137
15.2.4	Abstract Product Concept Code Specification	137
15.2.5	Application Product Concept	140
15.2.6	Marketing Category and Application Number	141
15.2.7	Application Product Concept Code Specification	141
16 Lot Distr	ibution Report	142
16.1 SPI	_ Header	144
16.1.1	Document type	144
16.1.2	Author information	145
16.1.3	Bulk-Lot Manufacturers	145
16.2 SPI	_ Body	146
16.2.2	Data Elements Section	147
16.2.3	Product Data – Single Licensed Product	147
16.2.4	Dosing Specification	148
16.2.5	Fill Lot	149
16.2.6	Bulk Lot(s)	149
16.2.7	Label Lot(s) (Final Container Lot)	151
16.2.8	Container Data Elements	151
16.2.9	Containers Distributed	153
16.2.10	Containers Returned Data	154
16.2.11	Product Data – Kit with Multiple Licensed Products	154

1 Introduction

Structured Product Labeling (SPL) is a Health Level Seven (HL7) standard based on Clinical Document Architecture and HL7 Reference Information Model (RIM) accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for the exchange of product information. Structured Product Labeling documents include a header and body. The header includes information about the document such as the type of product, author and versioning. The body of the document includes product information in both structured text and data element formats. The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) uses SPL documents to exchange information covering a growing number of product related topics.

This document provides technical conformance criteria for SPL documents used by FDA. This combines the information previously covered in separate implementation guide and validation procedures documents. A link to the latest SPL schema and

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¹ Instead of 2 documents that both contain details on the structure of SPL files for various purposes with examples, explanations and conformance criteria at varying degree of detailing, the combined document is a systematic compilation of all such technical information in a new topical organization. As SPL is used for an increasing number of different types of products or aspects about products, the old organization became

controlled terminology used in SPL and other technical documents may be found on the FDA Data Standards Council web site at:

http://www.fda.gov/ForIndustry/DataStandards/StructuredProductLabeling.

1.1 Organization

This document is divided into three parts. The first part of this document describes the technical conformance criteria that are applicable to header and body of the SPL document independent of the information being exchanged. The second part of the document describes product related technical conformance criteria. The third part describes the technical conformance criteria applicable to the type of information being exchanged.

1.2 Validation Procedures

Detailed validation procedures are presented at the end of most sub-sections and are clearly marked with the heading "Validation Procedures." These procedures can be used by humans as check-lists to verify if their submission is correct. The validation procedures are written specific and operational so that they may be checked by systems processing SPL documents. Each validation procedure has a unique paragraph number. These paragraph numbers are generally stable over time, but they may change between versions of the document when – rarely – a validation procedure is inserted between existing ones; normally, however, new validation procedures are appended to the end of their respective sub-sections.

2 SPL Documents in General

2.1 SPL Header

2.1.1 General

Validation Procedures

- 2.1.1.1 XML is well formed and valid against the schema
- 2.1.1.2 There are no data elements and attributes in addition to those described in this document
- 2.1.1.3 There are no spaces in codes
- 2.1.1.4 Codes do not have a codeSystemName attribute

difficult to read and to maintain consistently. The new unified implementation guide with topical organization combines the discussion of consideration and detailed technical conformance rules for each aspect or use of SPL in one place.

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

- 2.1.1.5 Display names are case insensitive
- 2.1.1.6 There are no spaces in id extensions
- 2.1.1.7 Letters in Globally Unique Identifiers (GUID) are lower case
- 2.1.1.8 There are no empty or incomplete elements except, in certain circumstances, code, title, text, and time (an id has a root, a code has a code system).
- 2.1.1.9 Characteristics have a class code of "OBS" or no class code at all.
- 2.1.1.10 There is no confidentiality code on anything but inactive ingredients, registrant, and assigned establishments outside establishment registrations.
- 2.1.1.11 If there is a confidentiality code, then the code is "B" and the codeSystem is "2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"
- 2.1.1.12 If there is a confidentiality code, then the code is "B" and the codeSystem is "2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"

2.1.2 XML references

This information includes the location of the current stylesheet for the FDA view of the SPL and the location of the current schema. The start of the SPL file is the same for every SPL document and is as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<?xml-stylesheet
  href="http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/spl/stylesheet/spl.xsl"
  type="text/xsl"?>
<document xmlns="urn:h17-org:v3"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="urn:h17-org:v3
  http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/spl/schema/spl.xsd">
```

- 2.1.2.1 XML reference is for version 1.0 and encoding "UTF-8".
- 2.1.2.2 There is an xml-stylesheet reference to http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/spl/stylesheet/spl.xsl
- 2.1.2.3 The schemaLocation of the urn:hl7-org:v3 namespace is provided as "http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/spl/schema/spl.xsd"
- 2.1.2.4 There are no processing instructions other than the xml and xml-stylesheet declarations.

- 2.1.2.5 There are no comments.
- 2.1.2.6 SPL file name is the document id followed by ".xml"
- 2.1.2.7 A submission contains only the SPL file whose name ends in '.xml' and,if appropriate, associated image files whose names end in '.jpg'.
- 2.1.2.8 All image files associated with the SPL document are actually referenced from that SPL document.

2.1.3 Document information

This provides basic information for the identity of the particular document, its type, title, date and versioning as a member of a document set.

Terminology: The SPL document types are from LOINC. This code provides information about the subject matter of the document e.g., prescription animal drug.

- The <id root> is a Globally Unique Identifier (GUID) and is unique for each version of the document. Letters used in a GUID are lower case.
- The <code> is the LOINC code which provides information on the document type.
- The <title> data element is used for the title for the document, if necessary. Images are not included in the title. Multiple lines may be used in the title with each line separated by the line break
br/> tag. (note: all titles can also be as follows: <title mediaType="text/x-hl7-title+xml">).
- The <effectiveTime> provides a date reference to the SPL version including the year, month and day as yyyymmdd.
- The <setId> is a GUID and is a unique identifier for the document that remains constant through all versions/revisions of the document.
- The <versionNumber> is an integer greater than zero that provides a sequence to the versions of the document.

- 2.1.3.1 There is a document id
- 2.1.3.2 id root is a Globally Unique Identifier (GUID).
- 2.1.3.3 id does not have an extension.
- 2.1.3.4 id does not match any other id in the document.
- 2.1.3.5 id is unique across all documents, sections and any other ids
- 2.1.3.6 There is a code
- 2.1.3.7 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.1
- 2.1.3.8 Code comes from the *Document type* list
- 2.1.3.9 Display name matches the code
- 2.1.3.10 There are no figures in the title.
- 2.1.3.11 There is an effective time with at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD
- 2.1.3.12 There is a set id
- 2.1.3.13 set id is a GUID
- 2.1.3.14 There is a version number
- 2.1.3.15 Value of version number is a whole number > 0
- 2.1.3.16 Value of version number is greater than the value of any previously submitted version for the same set id

2.1.4 Author Information

The author information is represented as follows:

Many times the author information is used to represent details on the businesses responsible for the products. This includes the labeler and registrant and establishments involved in manufacturing:

The following is a representative coding of the common structures in the header:

```
<document>
  <author>
    <time/>
    <assignedEntity>
      <representedOrganization><!-- labeler -->
        <id extension="DUNS Number" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
        <id extension="NDC Labeler Code" root="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
        <name>business name</name>
        <contactPartv>
          <addr>
            <streetAddressLine>address/streetAddressLine>
            <city>city</city>
            <state>state</state>
            <postalCode>postal code</postalCode>
            <country code="country code"</pre>
                     codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">country name</country>
          </addr>
          <telecom value="tel:telephone number"/>
          <telecom value="mailto:email address"/>
          <contactPerson>
            <name>contact person name for labeler</name>
          </contactPerson>
        </contactParty>
        <assignedEntity>
          <assignedOrganization><!-- registrant -->
            <id extension="DUNS number" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
            <name>business name</name>
            <contactParty><!-- same structure as above --></contactParty>
            <assignedEntity>
              <assignedOrganization><!-- establishment -->
                <id extension="DUNS number" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
                <id extension="FDA establishment identifier"</pre>
                    root="2.16.840.1.113883.4.82"/>
                <name>Establishment name
                <addr><!-- as above --></addr>
                <contactParty><!-- as above --></contactParty>
```

```
<assignedEntity>
                  <assignedOrganization><!-- U.S. agent -->
                    <id extension="DUNS Number" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
                    <name>business name</name>
                    <telecom value="tel: telephone number"/>
                    <telecom value="mailto: email address"/>
                  </assignedOrganization>
                  <performance>
                    <actDefinition>
                      <code code="C73330"</pre>
                            codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
                            displayName="display name"/>
                    </actDefinition>
                  </performance>
                </assignedEntity>
              </assignedOrganization>
              <performance>
                <actDefinition>
                  <code code="establishment business operation code"</pre>
                        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
                        displayName="display name"/>
                </actDefinition>
              </performance>
            </assignedEntity>
          </assignedOrganization>
        </assignedEntity>
     </representedOrganization>
   </assignedEntity>
 </author>
</document>
```

2.1.5 Identified Organizations

Most organizations are identified using Dun and Bradstreet identifiers (DUNS numbers). These are identifiers with the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 and an extension.

```
<representedOrganization>
  <id extension="DUNS Number" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
```

The only reason for an organization not being identified is if the organization remains anonymous but has sub-organizations (e.g., a listing file may not contain any registrant information)

- 2.1.5.1 One id is a DUNS number with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1
- 2.1.5.2 The id with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1 (DUNS number) has a 9-digit extension
- 2.1.5.3 There is a name.

2.1.6 Address

For addresses (addr) the following rules apply

```
<addr>
    <streetAddressLine>1625 29th street</streetAddressLine>
    <city>Camden</city>
    <state>NJ</state> <postalCode>08101</postalCode>
    <country code="USA" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">USA</country>
</addr>
```

Validation Procedures

- 2.1.6.1 An address has street address line, city, and country
- 2.1.6.2 If there is a country code, then it is an ISO 3-letter country code (code system "1.0.3166.1.2.3").
- 2.1.6.3 If there is no code attribute, then the country name may be the code, otherwise country is a full country name matching the code.
- 2.1.6.4 If the country is "USA", then the contact party's address has a state (2 letter abbreviation) and postal code
- 2.1.6.5 If the country is "USA", then the postal code is 5 digits with optionally a dash followed by 4 numbers
- 2.1.6.6 If the country is **not** in the *postal code validation* list, then there is a postal code

2.1.7 Telecommunication Addresses

Some elements may have telecommunication addresses. If an element has telecommunication addresses it usually allows for a telephone number and an email address.

```
<contactParty>
  <telecom value="tel:+1-800-555-1213;ext=112"/>
  <telecom value="mailto:Bob.Jones@acme.com"/>
  </contactParty>
```

- 2.1.7.1 There are two <telecom> elements, except if the document is a generic drug facility identification (72090-4 or 71743-9) there may be a third one.
- 2.1.7.2 One telecom value begins with "tel:" and is a telephone number
- 2.1.7.3 For telephone numbers, the following general rules apply:
- 2.1.7.4 telephone numbers are global telephone numbers;
- 2.1.7.5 telephone numbers contain no letters or spaces;
- 2.1.7.6 telephone numbers begin with "+";
- 2.1.7.7 include hyphens to separate the country code, area codes and subscriber number;
- 2.1.7.8 have any extensions separated by ";ext=" (see Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) for Telephone Numbers RFC 3966).
- 2.1.7.9 If there is a semicolon, then it is followed by ext.
- 2.1.7.10 One telecom value begins with "mailto:" and encodes an email address.
- 2.1.7.11 an email address is of the simple form <username>@<dns-name>
- 2.1.7.12 If there is a third telecom element, then its value begins with "fax:" and its format is the same as for a telephone number.

2.1.8 Contact Party

For most organizations, a contact party may be specified with a contact party as in the following example:

```
</contactParty>
```

- 2.1.8.1 The contactParty has an addr
- 2.1.8.2 The contactParty has telephone number and email addresses.
- 2.1.8.3 There is one contact person name

2.1.9 Core Document Reference

For some SPL documents it is permitted to specify a "core document" reference. A document with a core document reference "inherits" all the sections from the referenced core document and may override certain top-level sections with its own sections. A core document reference is specified as follows:

The reference contains the setId of the referenced core-document. The document and the core-document can develop independently. The core-document may be updated, but the reference remains to the latest core-document with the same setId. The version number in the reference may be provided to indicate which version of the core-document was used when at the time the referencing document was created or modified.

- 2.1.9.1 Type code attribute is as above.
- 2.1.9.2 There is no document id
- 2.1.9.3 There is a set id
- 2.1.9.4 Set id is a GUID
- 2.1.9.5 Document set id is the set id of a core-document.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 2.1.9.6 If there is a version number, then it is a whole number > 0.
- 2.1.9.7 If there is a version number, then it is less or equal than the version of the current core document with that set id.

2.1.10 Predecessor Document

Other documents may be merged into this document by providing a reference to the other predecessor documents that are replaced by this document. Do not provide a reference to the predecessor document under the same set id as the document being submitted, as this is implicitly given by the set id and incremented version number of this document. Only provide references to documents of different set ids. The reference contains only the id of the other predecessor document, the setId and the version number. All these ids must match the ids of that other documents that had previously been submitted.

- 2.1.10.1 Type code attribute is as above.
- 2.1.10.2 There is an id
- 2.1.10.3 id is a GUID
- 2.1.10.4 There is a set id
- 2.1.10.5 Set id is a GUID
- 2.1.10.6 Set id is different from the present document's set id.
- 2.1.10.7 There is a version number, which is a whole number > 0.
- 2.1.10.8 Document id and versionNumber match the latest document previously submitted under that set id.

2.1.10.9 Document type matches the latest document type previously submitted under that set id.

2.2 SPL Body

The body of the SPL document includes structured text such as product labeling and specific data elements such as ingredients.

2.2.1 Sections and subsections

Sections and subsections have id, title, and code. LOINC codes are used for sections and subsections codes.

The <title>, if necessary, of the sections and subsections and order of the sections and subsections in the SPL are used to render the labeling contents. The numbering for the sections and subsections are included in the <title> text.

In the SPL schema, the <structuredBody> element contains multiple <component>s, and each <component> contains a <section>.

Sections are used to aggregate paragraphs into logical groupings. The order in which sections appear in an SPL document is the order the sections will appear when displayed (rendered) using the standard stylesheet. Major sections defined by the appropriate labeling regulations (e.g., 21 CRF 201.56 and 57 for human prescription drugs and 201.66 for human over the counter drugs) such as Indications and Usage are assigned LOINC codes. Sections that have not been assigned a LOINC code are assigned the LOINC code for "SPL Unclassified Section". Major sections may also be defined by parts of a container or carton label (e.g., Principal Display panel).

```
<section>
  <!-- this section's id, codes -->
  <text>
     <!-- actual text content in "narrative block" markup -->
  </text>
```

Each section has a unique identifier (<id>), an <effectiveTime>, and a LOINC code (i.e., the <code> element). A section may or may not contain a <title>.

The human readable content of labeling is contained within the <text> element in the <section>. The <section> can be nested to form sub-sections. The schema for subsections in SPL requires that the nested <section> tag first be nested inside a <component> tag. Use nested sections to relate paragraphs. The section tag applies to all of the nested sections. By nesting sections, computer systems can use the section tags in SPL to display information useful for the care of patients. If information is not associated with the tag, it will not be displayed.

```
<section>
 <!-- this section's id, codes -->
 <text>
   <!-- actual text content in "narrative block" markup -->
 </text>
 <component>
   <section>
     <!-- subsection content -->
   </section>
 </component>
 <component>
   <section>
     <!-- subsection content -->
   </section>
 </component>
</section>
```

Using the following principles for markup of text information improves access to information in labeling:

- Capture the section heading using the <title> element rather than placing the text of the title within the <text> element. This allows computer systems to use and display this information properly.
- Capture the section heading even when the printed label does not include a heading. For example, tagging a pregnancy statement as a section in a label that does not have a heading for pregnancy is useful. Computer systems will be able to use the tag to capture the pregnancy use statement. Omitting the <title> would prevent the heading from appearing when the SPL is rendered.
- Link different parts of the labeling using the ID attribute to the <section> element. For example, <section ID="Clin_Pharm_Section"> serves as the target of a linkHtml> element. Linking to the ID attribute of a section allows

- the link to 'reference' the section entirely, e.g., for retrieval of a whole section in a non-browser interface.
- For container or carton labels, when capturing text and figures outside the Drug Facts or equivalent sections, separate the text and figures for each concept using cparagraph> tags.
- The order of the placement of information is the content of the package insert, the content of the patient information and the carton and container labels with images.

- 2.2.1.1 Each section has zero to many subsections
- 2.2.1.2 Each section and subsection has an id root and no extension
- 2.2.1.3 id root is a GUID
- 2.2.1.4 id does not match any other id in the document
- 2.2.1.5 id does not match any other id across all sections, documents, or any id other than the id of the same section previously submitted
- 2.2.1.6 Each section and subsection has a code
- 2.2.1.7 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.1
- 2.2.1.8 Display name matches the code
- 2.2.1.9 Each section has an effective time with at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD.
- 2.2.1.10 There are no figures in the title for a section or subsection.
- 2.2.1.11 Section for Medication Guide (42231-1) and Patient Package Insert (42230-3) is not a subsection.

2.2.2 Text

```
<section>
  <text>
    <paragraph>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit,
sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim
ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip
ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in
voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint
occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit
anim id est laborum.</paragraph>
    <paragraph>At vero eos et accusamus et iusto odio dignissimos ducimus
qui blanditiis praesentium voluptatum deleniti atque corrupti quos dolores
et quas molestias excepturi sint occaecati cupiditate non provident,
similique sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollitia animi, id est laborum
et dolorum fuga.</paragraph>
  </text>
</section>
```

The human readable text content of SPL documents is contained within the <text> element. The actual content is contained within a <paragraph>, , and/or list>. If a section consists only of nested sections, the <text> tag is not included. Elements that can be used within the <text> element to capture the human readable content of SPL include paragraphs (<paragraph>), lists (<list>), tables () and images (<renderMultimedia>). Elements permitted as children of the <text> element, used as children of the <paragraph> element or within and list> include superscripts (<sup>), subscripts (<sub>), links (<linkHtml>), line breaks (
br), footnotes (<footnote>), footnote references (<footnoteRef>). Images may be included in the content of labeling using the <renderMultiMedia> tag. This tag may be used as a direct child of <text> for 'block' images or as a child of <paragraph> for inline images.

2.2.2.1 Font effects

There are certain aspects of the rendering of SPL that must be specified in the SPL source to insure that the content of labeling is formatted correctly when rendered. For example:

```
<text>
    <paragraph>The next snippet <content styleCode="bold italics">will appear
as bold italics</content> in the rendering.</paragraph>
```

Will be rendered as:

The next snippet *will appear as bold italics* in the rendering.

The <content styleCode=""> can also be nested, for example:

```
<text>
    <paragraph>
        <content styleCode="bold italics"> will appear as bold italics</content>
```

Can also be represented as:

```
<text>
    <paragraph>
        <content styleCode="bold"><content styleCode="italics"> will appear as
bold italics.</content></content>
```

The values for <styleCode> for font effect are bold, italics and underline. To assist people who are visually impaired, the <styleCode="emphasis"> is used to prompt computer screen reader programs to emphasize text such as text in a box warning. The bold, italics and underline font effects may be used together with each other and the emphasis styleCode. For example, <content styleCode="bold"> <content styleCode="bold" > <content styleCode="bold"

A special styleCode is used for recent major changes (see below).

2.2.2.2 Symbols and special characters

Special characters can be included in the text. Superscripts and subscripts are accomplished using the <sup> and <sub> tags. Because the SPL encoding is UTF-8, any Unicode character can be included as is. Unicode references may also be inserted as either &#dddd; where dddd is the Unicode value in decimal notation or � where dddd is the Unicode value in hexadecimal notation. The font used in the standard stylesheet is a Unicode font assuring that most Unicode characters will be rendered correctly if viewed by a browser supporting this font. The only prohibited characters in XML that can not be directly used are less-than "<" (because SPL XML tags begin with it) and ampersand "&" (because XML entity references begin with it). Use of these two symbols must be replaced by the XML entity references <. and & respectively. For example, "<paragraph>The mean for group 1 was < 13.
//paragraph>" will render as "The mean for group 1 was <13." and "D&C Yellow #10" will render as "D&C Yellow #10".</p>

2.2.2.3 Footnotes

The SPL schema includes a specific footnote element <footnote>. Footnotes are rendered automatically by the standard SPL stylesheet. <footnoteRef> is used to refer to another (usually earlier) footnote. For example, "<footnote ID="testNote">This is the footnote content</footnote>" will generate the following footnote at the appropriate end of a section. "6This is footnote content"

The <footnoteRef> element with the appropriate IDREF attribute, e.g., <footnoteRef IDREF="testNote"/> will display the footnote reference in the text corresponding to the footnote with the same ID, e.g., in this example footnote 6.

Footnotes are rendered by the default stylesheet using Arabic numbers (e.g., 1,2 3,). Within tables, footnotes are rendered using footnote marks in the series: * \dagger ‡ § ¶ # \bullet

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

♥ ♦ ♣, effectively separating numbered footnotes within general text and footnotes within tables. Footnotes within tables are rendered at the bottom of the table.

2.2.2.4 Lists

All lists are marked up using the tag, and each item in a list is marked with an <item> tag. The 'listType' attribute identifies the list as ordered (numbered) or unordered (bulleted). The default numbering and bulleting are controlled by the stylesheet.

Lists featuring a standard set of specialized markers (standard specialized lists) can be created using the styleCode attribute with the list> element. Options available for ordered lists are:

- Arabic (List is ordered using Arabic numerals: 1, 2, 3)
- LittleRoman (List is ordered using little Roman numerals: i, ii, iii)
- BigRoman (List is ordered using big Roman numerals: I, II, III)
- LittleAlpha (List is order using little alpha characters: a, b, c)
- BigAlpha (List is ordered using big alpha characters: A, B, C)

For example: list listType="ordered" styleCode="LittleRoman">

For unordered lists the following options exist:

- Disc (List bullets are simple solid discs: •)
- Circle (List bullets are hollow discs: 0)
- Square (List bullets are solid squares: ■)

For example: tlistType="unordered" styleCode="Disc">

In addition to the standard specialized lists, user-defined characters are also permitted as markers by nesting <a href=

entity, or Unicode symbol, may be used in the <caption>, and that the <caption> for each <item> are not restricted to the same character.

For example: <item><caption>*</caption> the asterisk is used as item marker here.<item>

2.2.2.5 Tables

Tables can be created with the full structure (header (e.g., for column names), body (e.g. for the rows of the table) and footer e.g. for table footnotes)). The element is required for an SPL table while the elements <thead> and <tfoot> are optional in the SPL schema. The structure will display a standard typographical table with rules between the caption (table title) and head, the head and body, and the body and <tfoot>. If a <tfoot> element is included and footnotes are present in a table, then footnotes are rendered after the existing content of the <tfoot> element.

It is recommended to always start with a standard table (i.e., <thead> and elements) and test to see whether the rendering is unambiguous and interpretable. It is important that the table communicate labeling content not that it duplicates the presentation in word processed or typeset versions of the package insert. In the unusual situation where additional formatting is needed, the rule styleCode specified or certain attributes may be used to modify the table.

The rule codes are as follows (note that the control names are case sensitive).

- Rule on left side of cell is Lrule
- Rule on right side of cell is Rrule
- Rule on top of cell is Toprule
- Rule on bottom of cell is Botrule

Note: More than one rule control may be used in a cell, e.g., Cell content

Rule control codes should be used only when necessary for the interpretability of the table. Use of these codes may result in overriding the default rules for tables. Rather than setting the rule for each cell, table rules may also be controlled according to entire rows or columns by use of the styleCode attributes with <col>, <colgroup>, <thead>, <tfoot>, and elements.

To make rowgroups appear with horizontal rules, use the styleCode attribute "Botrule" with the appropriate element. The Botrule value is rarely needed on the element.

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

The preferred method for using vertical rules is to define colgroup with styleCode="Lrule" or "Rrule" (or both). Only if this does not yield the desired vertical rule should the Lrule or Rrule code value with styleCode attributes on the or element itself be used. Note: In general, vertical rules should not be used. Good typography for tables means using few vertical rules.

To merge cells vertically and horizontally, the rowspan and colspan attributes should be used on the element.

To determine the width of a table, the width attribute may be used on the element and to determine the width of a table column, the width attribute may be used on the <col> and <colgroup> elements.

For horizontal alignment, the preferred method for aligning cell content within the margins is to use <col align=".."/> in the <colgroup> element, though this can be used in the <colgroup> element as well. Valid values for align are "left", "center", "right", "justify" (for full justification of contents within the cells), and "char" (for character alignment within the cells). Using the <col align=".."/> markup ensures that the contents for all cells in the column share the same alignment.

For vertical alignment, the valign attribute can be used within cells. For cases in which the cell alignment must be different from other cells in the column, align is also available as an attribute on the other table elements, including .

Markup for table footnote is rendered in the <tfoot> tag. This element does not need to be included in SPL; the standard stylesheet will include a <tfoot> tag if a <footnote> element is present within either the <thead> or sections. A <tfoot> section should be included in SPL only if there is additional information other than footnotes that needs to be rendered in this section.

For table text spacing, in some instances, the use of a "tab" or text indentation is desirable in a given table cell. In an SPL document, this effect is achieved by using the nonbreaking space () as if it were a "tab" space. As the following snippet of XML shows, two nonbreaking spaces were used to offset the word "Male" from the margin: Male. The nonbreaking space can also be used to keep text in a table from breaking inappropriately due to browser resizing.

2.2.2.6 Hypertext links

SPL offers hypertext linking capabilities generally similar to those found in the HTML specification.

Links are specified by the <linkHtml> construct, where the value for the href attribute of <linkHtml> (the target of the link) is the ID attribute value of a <section>, <paragraph>, , , <content>, <renderMultimedia> element. The stylesheet does not support the styleCode attribute of the kHtml> element; if a styleCode is

needed for a link, this should be coded via the <content> element within the link as with other text.

2.2.2.7 Recent major changes in labeling text

SPL offers a notation to identify recent major changes in the labeling text including table elements and table data . The recent major text is tagged using the <content styleCode="xmChange">. For example,

```
<text>This is an example of text that is not changed.<content
styleCode="xmChange">This is an example of text that is a recent major
change</content>This is an example of changed text that is not considered a
recent major change</text>
```

Validation Procedures

2.2.2.8 Text is enclosed under <paragraph>, , or elements.

2.2.3 Images

The SPL schema uses <observationMedia> elements to identify graphic files to be rendered at the locations where they are referenced by <renderMultiMedia> elements in the <section>. In other words, an image in an SPL will be rendered wherever it is referenced by the renderMultimedia markup, no matter where the observationMedia markup appears. The referencedObject attribute of the renderMultiMedia element identifies the corresponding observationMedia instance by means of its ID identifier such as <renderMultiMedia referencedObject="MM1"/>

The <observationMedia> element does not contain the graphics file, but instead points at the file. The <reference> value is the file name. The file name should not include spaces. The observationMedia identifies the graphic media type (i.e., JPEG). In addition, the observationMedia element includes the text description of the image used by screen reader software for visually impaired users. This is included in the <text> child of <observationMedia>. Note also that observationMedia is always contained within a <component> element as illustrated.

For image placement, if an image is a block image (i.e., should appear in its own space), insert the renderMultimedia tag between paragraph> elements. If an image is inline (i.e., should appear alongside text), insert the renderMultimedia tag in the text of a paragraph> as appropriate. Inline images are expected to be uncommon and basically represent symbols that cannot be represented by Unicode characters. In addition, <caption> are not applicable for inline images since these are not offset from the surrounding text.

The SPL stylesheet does not perform any resizing graphics or changing the resolution of graphics files. Thus, all images are rendered in the browser as-is, with all characteristics of the actual graphic file itself. To ensure that a graphic will appear as desired, it is very important that the graphic file is edited to a dimension appropriate for its presentation within the browser. If this is not done, the appearance of the graphic may not be consistent with the narrative content reducing the readability of the file. JPEG image file type using appropriate pixels per inch for images for viewing in a browser using the standard stylesheet.

Validation Procedures

- 2.2.3.1 There is text
- 2.2.3.2 Value xsi:type is as above
- 2.2.3.3 Media type is image/jpeg
- 2.2.3.4 Reference value is the file name for the image
- 2.2.3.5 Size of image file is less than 1 MB
- 2.2.3.6 File is a JPEG image and the name has the extension ".jpg"
- 2.2.3.7 Image components are referenced at least once in the text of any section.
- 2.2.3.8 Image reference in text has an image "observationMedia" element with a matching ID in the same document.

2.2.4 Highlights

The actual Highlights of a rendered SPL are constructed from four sources: "boilerplate" text rendered directly from the stylesheet, information from data elements inserted into the boilerplate text, <title> in the header which includes the drug names, dosage form, route of administration, controlled substance symbol and year of initial US approval, and text blocks corresponding to each major highlights part (Highlights text). Highlights section titles are derived from the FPI section LOINC codes. The Highlights text is captured for the following sections: Microbiology, Boxed Warning, Recent Major Changes, Indications and Usage,

Dosage and Administration, Dosage Forms and Strengths, Contraindications, Warnings and Precautions, Adverse Reactions, Drug Interactions and Use in Specific Populations.

The text blocks for Highlights are coded with the <excerpt> <highlight> elements of the major section of labeling in which they are contained.

```
<section>
  <excerpt>
    <highlight>
        <text>...</text>
```

For example, the Highlights for Indications and Usage are located with the Indications and Usage section of the labeling. The Highlights text is placed under the main section and not under subsections. The following is an example:

```
<component>
  <section>
    <id root="47ef84cd-8314-48c3-8ee2-bdff3087f83f"/>
    <code code="43685-7" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"</pre>
          displayName="warnings and precautions section"/>
    <title>5 WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS</title>
    <excerpt>
      <highlight>
        <text>
          <list listType="unordered">
            <item>Aplastic anemia has been observed in 8% of recipients and
is irreversible in the majority of patients who experience this. (<linkHtml
href="#Section_5.1">5.1</linkHtml>)</item>
            <item>Monitor for hematological adverse reactions every 2 weeks
through the second month of treatment (<linkHtml
href="#Section_5.2">5.2</linkHtml>)</item>
          </list>
        </text>
      </highlight>
    </excerpt>
    <component>
      <section ID="Section_5.1">
        <id root="a857689e-9563-43c0-a244-8a6d5a25966a"/>
        <title>5.1 Aplastic anemia</title>
          <paragraph>Aplastic anemia has been observed in..../paragraph>
        </text>
      </section>
    </component>
  </section>
</component>
```

This example illustrates the following principles:

a. The <text> block for the Highlights is included as the <excerpt> <highlight> <text> children of the respective section. In the example above, the text block rendered in the highlights section is the child of the "Warnings and Precautions" section.

- b. The coding of the highlights text block is not in a subsection.
- c. The text block is rendered similar to any other text block, although in a location separate from its actual position in the rendered SPL document.
- d. Links to the section or subsection where the primary content exists are explicitly entered in the Highlights text block.
- e. Section numbering is included in the title of sections and subsections (e.g., '5' and '5.1', above).

Highlights and labeling boilerplate items include:

- Statement -"Highlights of Prescribing Information"
- Highlights section titles
- Patient counseling statement with information taken from FPI section LOINC codes for patient information sections, specifically information for patient section (34076-0), SPL Medguide section (42231-1), SPL patient package insert section (42230-3) and SPL supplemental patient material (38056-8)
- Revision date is taken from the effective time
- Full Prescribing Information: Contents
- Statement "Full Prescribing Information"

- 2.2.4.1 There may be excerpts.
- 2.2.4.2 Excerpts occur only in sections with the following codes: 34066-1 (Boxed Warning), 43683-2 (Recent Major Changes), 34067-9 (Indications and Usage), 34068-7 (Dosage and Administration), 43678-2 (Dosage Forms and Strengths), 34070-3 (Contraindications), 43685-7 (Warnings and Precautions), 34084-4 (Adverse Reactions), 34073-7 (Drug Interactions), 43684-0 (Use in Specific Populations), 49489-8 (Microbiology)
- 2.2.4.3 If there is an excerpt, then it only has highlight text.
- 2.2.4.4 An excerpt in the adverse reactions section (34084-4) includes the statement: "to report suspected adverse reactions" and "1-800-332-1088" (different telephone number for documents of type 53404-0 "Vaccine Label").
- 2.2.4.5 If there are highlights excerpts, then the title for the SPL file includes the text string (without the quotation marks): "These highlights do not include all the

information needed to use" "see full prescribing information for" and "Initial U.S. Approval"

2.2.5 Product Data Elements Section

Currently most of the time the product data elements are in a separate section of their own followed by the content of labeling sections that contain only text and no data elements. Product data element section and other special data elements sections are described in Section 3 below; this section describes the features used from the free text (so called "narrative") part of the SPL documents.

```
<document>
                    <!-- SPL header material here -->
  <component>
    <structuredBody><!-- SPL body material here -->
      <component>
                   <!-- Product data element section -->
        <section>
          <code code="48780-1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"</pre>
                displayName="SPL product data elements section"/>
          <subject>
            <manufacturedProduct>
             <!-- product data elements -->
            </manufacturedProduct>
          </subject>
        </section>
      </component>
                    <!-- Other content of labeling material -->
      <component>
        <!-- ... -->
```

The beginning of the product data elements is as follows

- 2.2.5.1 Code, code system and display name are as above
- 2.2.5.2 There is one or more product
- 2.2.5.3 There is an effective time with at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD

3 Product Data Elements

This section describes with examples in general the capabilities of the product data elements that are currently implemented in the scope of this Implementation Guide. More specific sections follow with more detail and more specific guidelines and validation procedures. These subsequent sections may constrain and detail what is described here, but may also introduce details not described here in general. In case of discrepancies, the later specific ruling preempts the general description given here.

Terminology:

- FDA terminology is used for the proprietary, non proprietary and ingredient name.
- National Drug Codes (NDC) System is used for
 - o NDC Labeler Code (4 or 5 digit code (e.g., 0001 or 11111)), to register the labeler prefix,
 - o NDC Product Code (8 or 9 characters beginning with the NDC Labeler Code separated by a hyphen from the product segment of the code (e.g., 0001-0001 or 11111-001 or 11111-0001)) for products independent of packaging, and
 - o NDC Package Code (10 characters beginning with the NDC Product Code separated by a hyphen from the package segment of the code (e.g., 0001-0001-01, 11111-001-01 or 11111-0001-1)) for packaged products.
- NDC System is also used for identifiers for the National Health Related Item Code (NHRIC)
 - o NHRIC Labeler Code (4 or 5 digit code),
 - NHRIC Product Code (8, 9 or 10 digits beginning with the NHRIC Labeler Code separated by a hyphen from the product segment of the code and
 - o NHRIC Package Code (10 digits beginning with the NDC Product Code separated by a hyphen from the package segment of the code).
- ISBT-128 site and product codes are for licensed minimally manipulated cell products.
- GS1 GTIN and HIBCC codes are used for device item codes.
- FDA Substance Registration System (SRS) is used for the ingredient and active moiety Unique Ingredient Identifier (UNII).
- The FDA submission tracking system is used for application numbers.
- Codes derived from section references to the Code of Federal Regulations are used for monograph citations.
- The National Cancer Institute Thesaurus (NCIt) is used for dosage form, product characteristics, DEA schedule, unit of presentation, route of administration and equivalent codes.
- The Unified Codes for Units of Measure (UCUM) is used for the unit of measure.
- HL7 confidentiality code "B" is for business confidential information.

• FDA Product Classification codes are for device and cosmetic products.

3.1 Product in General

Among the product data elements that are always used are item code and name. These are children of <manufacturedProduct>.

Item Code is a unique identification of this product description whether or not the item code is printed on the product itself. Item codes must conform to the ISO 15459 system of codes. National Drug Code (NDC), National Health Related Item Code (NHRIC), GS1 GTIN, HIBCC all conform to ISO 15459. All these have in common that they are composed of a company prefix (e.g. NDC labeler segment) followed by the item reference that is assigned by the owner of the company prefix to create a unique item code. As long as the item code is unique, the digits (and letters) in it need not convey any other information.

Names: When specific manufactured or marketed products are described, the name is the proprietary name as it appears on the label divided between <name> and <suffix>. The <name> is the initial portion of the proprietary name describing the ingredients without any other descriptors including trademarks and dosage forms. If necessary, <suffix> is used for descriptors such as "extended release". When using the <suffix>, a space after the proprietary name is added as necessary. Non-proprietary or generic names of drugs are found in the <genericMedicine><name> element. Device type codes and descriptions use <asSpecializedKind>.

A brief description is added in the <desc> element that states succinctly the kind of device. This text should be brief to be able to list it in short summary listings. While the text can be up to 512 characters in length, it should normally be much shorter so that it will be useful for listing in tables. A device also has a device-nomenclature code in the <asSpecializedKind> element. This code comes from the FDA Product Classification terminology.

Marketing category and product type: The type of product is indicated by the "Marketing Category".

Table 1: Marketing Category and Product Type

Code	Туре	Display Name
C73583	Drug	ANADA
C73584	Drug	ANDA
C73585	Drug	BLA
C73588	Drug	Conditional NADA
C73590	Drug	Export only
C73593	Drug	NADA
C73594	Drug	NDA
C73603	Drug	OTC monograph final
C73604	Drug	OTC monograph not final

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

C73605 Drug	NDA authorized generic
C73613 Drug	unapproved medical gas
C73614 Drug	unapproved homeopathic
C73627 Drug	unapproved drug other
C73626 Drug	bulk ingredient
C75302 Drug	IND
C80438 Device	Exempt device
C80440 Device	Humanitarian Device Exemption
C80441 Device	Premarket Application
C80442 Device	Premarket Notification
C86964 Medical Food	Medical Food
C86952 Dietary Supplement	Dietary Supplement
C86965 Cosmetic	Cosmetic
C92556 Drug	Legally Marketed Unapproved New Animal Drugs for Minor Species
C94795 Drug	Drug for Further Processing
C95600 Drug	Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor
C95601 Drug	OTC monograph drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor
C95602 Drug	Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor
C96793 Drug	Bulk Ingredient for Human Prescription Compounding
C98252 Drug	Bulk Ingredient for Animal Drug Compounding
C101533 Drug	unapproved drug for use in drug shortage

The following is an example for a drug product:

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
    <manufacturedProduct>
      <code code="NDC Product Code" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
      <name>proprietary name <suffix>suffix to name</suffix></name>
      <formCode code="dose form code"</pre>
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
                displayName="display name"/>
      <asEntityWithGeneric>
        <genericMedicine>
          <name>non proprietary name
        </genericMedicine>
      </asEntityWithGeneric>
    </manufacturedProduct>
    <subjectOf>
      <approval>
        <!-- possibly approval number -->
        <code code="C73594" displayName="NDA"</pre>
              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1" />
        <!-- possibly other attributes in the marketing category -->
      </approval>
    </subjectOf>
  </manufacturedProduct>
</subject>
```

The following is an example for a device:

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
    <manufacturedProduct>
      <code code="Device Item Code" codeSystem="Item Code System"/>
      <name>proprietary name <suffix>suffix to name</suffix></name>
      <desc>Brief description of product (up to 512 characters)</desc>
      <asSpecializedKind>
        <generalizedMaterialKind>
          <code code="product classification code"</pre>
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.303"
                displayName="display name"/>
        </generalizedMaterialKind>
      </asSpecializedKind>
    </manufacturedProduct>
    <subjectOf>
      <approval>
       <!-- possibly approval number -->
        <code code="C80441" displayName="Premarket Application"</pre>
              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1" />
        <!-- possibly other attributes in the marketing category -->
      </approval>
    </subjectOf>
  </manufacturedProduct>
</subject>
```

- 3.1.1.1 There is an Item Code, except for part products not requiring an Item Code.
- 3.1.1.2 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then there may be an item code.
- 3.1.1.3 General rules about the Item Code are:
- 3.1.1.4 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 (NDC, NHRIC), 1.3.160 (GS1), 2.16.840.1.113883.6.40 (HIBCC), or 2.16.840.1.113883.6.18 (ISBT 128).
- 3.1.1.5 Code is compliant with the code system's allocation rules.
- 3.1.1.6 There is a name, i.e., proprietary name of the product as used in product labeling or in the catalog

3.1.2 Equivalence to other Products, Product Source

The following is for referencing information already submitted for a source drug:

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

This is a special case of referencing other products for various purposes. Another purpose is for products that are updated with improvement, where it may be useful to indicate a succession to a previous version of the product identified by the item code of the predecessor product. This can be done using the equivalence relationship with <asEquivalentEntity> with a different Role code as in Table 2:

The following equivalence codes are defined:

Table 2:Equivalence Codes

Equivalence	Code
Same	C64637
Predecessor Product	pending

Product source may be specified under a product

or under parts

```
<part>
  <partProduct>
  <asEquivalentEntity>
```

- 3.1.2.1 As equivalent entity class code is as above
- 3.1.2.2 If there is a classCode, it is "EQUIV".
- 3.1.2.3 Code and code system are as above

- 3.1.2.4 Defining material kind code matches an Item Code in an SPL file with a different set id
- 3.1.2.5 Equivalent Item Code is not the same as the Item Code for the product
- 3.1.2.6 Equivalent Item Code is not the same as the Item Code for another equivalence stated for this product.
- 3.1.2.7 There is only one product source per product.

3.1.3 Additional Identifiers for this Product

A multitude of other identifiers may be assigned to some products by various parties, manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers, regulators. These identifiers are of a varying quality in terms of control for uniqueness and meaning. They may be unique item codes from other ISO 15459 item code systems, or they may be less well defined codes such as "model number" or "catalog number" etc. While those "model numbers" or "catalog numbers" are often not safe for referencing, such identifiers are customer facing and may encode minor product variants, which would be recognized by customers and hence listing such identifier cross references can aid in finding the correct item code.

HL7 requires any identifier to be made globally unique, therefore submitters must acquire an OID of their own through any of several sources (e.g. HL7 provides a free OID assignment service). Submitters must not allow conflicting assignments of model numbers among their own products. Submitters can still create unique identifiers from these model numbers by giving different root OIDs for each kind of identifiers that may be in conflict. Once a company has acquired a root OID this root OID can be freely sub-divided. For example, ACME Fine Devices Inc. may have acquired the OID 2.16.840.1.113883.3.98765 from the HL7 registry. ACME then decided to use a sub-branch .2 under their OID to manage model numbers for the models from models release before 2007 and sub-branch .5 for models released after 2007. There is no specific rule that must be obeyed when sub-dividing OIDs as long as it results in the concatenation of model number code and codeSystem OID to be a unique identifier.

Different types of such identifications may be assigned different codes from the NCI Thesaurus for Model Number, Catalog Number and possibly other "types" of numbers:

Table 3:Miscellaneous Identifier Types

Identifier Type	Code	Description
Model Number	C99286	the exact model number found on the device label or accompanying packaging.
Catalog Number	C99285	the exact number as it appears in the manufacturer's catalog, device labeling, or accompanying packaging
Reference Number	C99287	any secondary product identifier

3.1.4 Ingredient

Ingredients may be specified for products

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
     <manufacturedProduct>
     <ingredient/>
```

and parts.

Ingredient information includes the class code specifying the type of ingredient (e.g., active, inactive), code, name, and strength, and possibly active moiety name(s) and identifier and a reference ingredient name and identifier.

```
<ingredient classCode="class code including basis of strength">
  <quantity>
   <numerator value="value" unit="UCUM code"/>
   <denominator value="value" unit=" UCUM code"/>
 </quantity>
 <ingredientSubstance>
   <code code="UNII" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
   <name>active ingredient name
   <activeMoiety>
     <activeMoiety>
       <code code="UNII" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
       <name>active moiety name
     </activeMoiety>
   </activeMoiety>
   <asEquivalentSubstance>
     <definingSubstance>
       <code code="UNII" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
       <name>reference substance name
     </definingSubstance>
   </asEquivalentSubstance>
  </ingredientSubstance>
</ingredient>
```

Devices too may have active ingredients as discussed above (device with embedded ingredient.)

The ingredient element is also used to specify that a product "may contain" a certain substance (e.g., latex, milk, nuts) or that it "does not contain" such substances (e.g., wheat gluten).

"May contain" is expressed by specifying the ingredient using the class code "CNTM" without any quantity; e.g., product may contains latex:

```
<ingredient classCode="CNTM">
    <ingredientSubstance>
        <code code="2LQ0UUW8IN" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
        <name>NATURAL LATEX RUBBER</name>
```

"Does not contain" is expressed by specifying the ingredient using the class code "CNTM" without a quantity with numerator 0 (zero); e.g. product is gluten free:

Source ingredient means using already existing NDC product as one of the ingredient in other compounded drug.

When document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) and class code is "INGR" that is source ingredient then in this case code stands for NDC code rather than UNII code of ingredient and OID is same as that of NDC Product code.

- 3.1.4.1 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then there is a source ingredient.
- 3.1.4.2 There is a class code.
- 3.1.4.3 There may be a strength with a numerator and denominator

- 3.1.4.4 Numerator and denominator have a value greater than zero and a unit, except the numerator when the ingredient class code is "CNTM".
- 3.1.4.5 Unit comes from the *UCUM units of measures* list
- 3.1.4.6 For percentages numerator unit is not 1, instead use a volume unit for volume fractions and a mass unit for mass fractions.
- 3.1.4.7 The denominators values and units for all ingredients in this product are the same.
- 3.1.4.8 There is an ingredient code with code and code system
- 3.1.4.9 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 3.1.4.10 The same ingredient substance code is not used more than once per product.
- 3.1.4.11 For Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5), the source ingredient code is a valid NDC code.
- 3.1.4.12 There is an ingredient name
- 3.1.4.13 Name matches the code

3.1.5 Packaging

The packaging includes the quantity of product in the package and the package type and Package Item Code (such as NDC Package Code or other Item Code for the package).

Packaging may be specified for the product,

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
     <asContent/>
```

for parts,

```
<part>
  <partProduct>
     <asContent/>
```

and for packages.

```
<asContent>
  <containerPackagedProduct>
   <asContent/>
```

The format for packaging specification is:

For example,

- 3.1.5.1 A product may have an "as content" (package information) element (optional for parts)
- 3.1.5.2 Quantity includes a numerator and denominator
- 3.1.5.3 Numerator has a value greater than zero and a unit
- 3.1.5.4 If the product has parts, then the initial numerator value and unit is "1"
- 3.1.5.5 Unit of the numerator of the initial package is the same as the units for the denominators of all the ingredient quantities (strengths)
- 3.1.5.6 Unit of the numerator of an outer package is the same as the unit for the denominator of the quantity of the inner package
- 3.1.5.7 Denominator has value 1 and either no unit or unit "1"
- 3.1.5.8 There is a form code and display name
- 3.1.5.9 Code system for form code is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.1.5.10 Display name matches form code
- 3.1.5.11 There is a Package Item Code with code and code system for outermost package, except for parts.
- 3.1.5.12 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) and if there is a product NDC, then there should be a package NDC.

- 3.1.5.13 If document type is 60684-8 (Cellular Therapy), 60683-0 (Plasma Derivative) or 53404-0 (Vaccine Label), then there is a package item code with code and code system for the inner, unit of use package, except if the inner package is wrapped into a pouch (C43200) the item code may be on the pouch level.
- 3.1.5.14 If the Package Item Code has been previously submitted, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same as in the most recent submission for this item code.
- 3.1.5.15 If the Package Item Code is mentioned elsewhere in the document, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same and the content of both packages have an Item Code that is the same.
- 3.1.5.16 Package Item Code does not match any other Package Item Code in the same package hierarchy.
- 3.1.5.17 If the package item code is an NDC/NHRIC (i.e., if the root is "2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"), then the following procedures apply:
- 3.1.5.18 NDC/NHRIC package item code is 10 digits (excluding any hyphens).
- 3.1.5.19 NDC/NHRIC package item code contains three segments divided by hyphens.
- 3.1.5.20 The first two segments of the NDC/NHRIC package item code matches the NDC/NHRIC product/item code.
- 3.1.5.21 The third segment of the NDC/NHRIC package item code is numeric.
- 3.1.5.22 If the package item code is an ISBT 128 code (i.e., if the root is "2.16.840.1.113883.6.18"), then the following procedures apply:
- 3.1.5.23 ISBT 128 package item code has three segments divided by hyphens.
- 3.1.5.24 The first two segments of the ISBT 128 package item code matches the ISBT 128 Product Item Code.
- 3.1.5.25 The third segment contains two digits.

3.1.6 Kits, Parts, Components and Accessories

Products may be combined in various ways such as:

- Drug kit with a device part
- Device kit with a drug part
- Device with an embedded drug
- Drug in a delivery device

Products sold separately but meant to be used together

Kits and Parts: When products have more than one part, each part is described under <partProduct>. The total amount of the part in the product is included as follows:

Currently, when a drug product has parts, it is considered a Kit indicated by the formCode for KIT:

Device products may also be kits (in this case a device with FDA product classification code but also with formCode specifying KIT. However, devices themselves may also be specified with parts, such as distinguishing component options or field replaceable parts, in this case the top-level device need not have a formCode for KIT:

Drug Kit with a Device Part: This sort of kit has been known from SPL R4 as well, examples being drugs sold as a kit with an applicator device.

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
      <code code="NDC code of kit" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
      <name>name of kit</name>
      <formCode code="C47916" displayName="KIT"</pre>
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
      <asEntityWithGeneric .../>
      <part>
         <quantity>
             <numerator value="amount of this part's content in one kit"</pre>
                       unit="unit for amount"/>
             <denominator value="1"/>
         </quantity>
         <partProduct>
             <code code="NDC code of drug part"</pre>
                  codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
             <name>name of drug part
             <formCode code="form code of drug part"</pre>
                      displayName="form name of drug part"
                       codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
             <ingredient ... />
             <asContent>
                <quantity>
                    <numerator value="amount of this part in its package"</pre>
                              unit="unit of amount"/>
                    <denominator value="1"/>
                </quantity>
                <containerPackagedProduct>
                    <code code="NDC code of part's package"</pre>
                           codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
                    <formCode code="package type"</pre>
                              displayName="package type name"
                              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
                </containerPackagedProduct>
             </asContent>
         </partProduct>
      </part>
      <part>
         <quantity>
             <numerator value="amount of this device part in one kit"/>
             <denominator value="1"/>
         </quantity>
         <partProduct>
             <code code="item code of this device part"</pre>
                  codeSystem="item code system OID"/>
             <name>name of device part
             <desc>description of device part</desc>
             <asSpecializedKind>
                <generalizedMaterialKind>
                    <code code="product classification code of device part"</pre>
                          codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.303"
                          displayName="display name of device part"/>
                </generalizedMaterialKind>
             </asSpecializedKind>
         </partProduct>
      </part>
```

Device Kit with a Drug Part:

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
      <code code="item code of device kit"</pre>
           codeSystem="item code system OID"/>
      <name>name of kit</name>
      <desc>brief description of kit</desc>
      <formCode code="C47916" displayName="KIT"</pre>
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
      <asSpecializedKind>
        <qeneralizedMaterialKind>
          <code code="product classification code of kit"</pre>
                displayName="display name of kit"
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.303"/>
        </generalizedMaterialKind>
      </asSpecializedKind>
      <part>
        same as device part above
      </part>
      <part>
         same as drug part above
      </part>
```

Device with an embedded drug: For example, a drug eluting stent with an embedded active ingredient. Notice that such products do not involve kits and parts:

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
     <code code="device item code"</pre>
            codeSystem="device item code system OID"/>
      <name>device name</name>
      <desc>brief description</desc>
      <asSpecializedKind>
        <generalizedMaterialKind>
         <code code="product classification code of device"</pre>
                displayName="display name of device"
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.303"/>
        </generalizedMaterialKind>
      </asSpecializedKind>
      <ingredient classCode="ACTIB">
         <quantity .../>
         <ingredientSubstance>
            <code code="UNII code of active ingredient"</pre>
                   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
             <name>paclitaxel</name>
```

Drug in a delivery device: For example, drug in pre-filled syringe. Note that the syringe filled with the drug is a different product than the empty syringe. Hence it would not be correct to put the item code for the empty syringe on the one filled with the drug. In fact, since the pre-filled syringe already has (or should have) an NDC code, there is no need for another item code for it. However, one may want to refer to the item code for the empty syringe as a generalization of the filled syringe:

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
    <code code="NDC code drug"
          codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
    <name>name of drug</name>
    <formCode code="form code of drug"</pre>
              displayName="form display name of drug"
              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
    <ingredient classCode="ACTIB">
      <!-- active ingredient -->
    </ingredient>
    <asContent>
      <quantity>
        <numerator value="amount of drug in prefilled device"</pre>
                   unit="unit of amount"/>
        <denominator value="1"/>
      </quantity>
      <containerPackagedProduct>
        <code code="NDC code for prefilled device"</pre>
              codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
        <formCode code="form code of prefilled device"</pre>
                  displayName="form display name of prefilled device"
                  codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
        <asSpecializedKind>
          <generalizedMaterialKind>
            <code code="item code of empty device"</pre>
                  codeSystem="item code system of empty device"/>
            <desc>brief description of empty device</desc>
            <asSpecializedKind>
              <generalizedMaterialKind>
                <code code="product classification code of device"</pre>
                      displayName="display name of device"
                      codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.303"/>
              </generalizedMaterialKind>
            </asSpecializedKind>
```

Products sold separately but meant to be used together: when products are used together but packaged separately, the data element <asPartOfAssembly> is used to identify the other product. The products could be drugs or devices.

Parts may be specified for the product,

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
  <part/>
```

and for part products.

```
<part>
  <partProduct>
  <part/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 3.1.6.1 If the product form code is 'C47916' (KIT), then there is one or more parts
- 3.1.6.2 Each part has an overall quantity
- 3.1.6.3 If there is an "as content" (package information) data element in the part, then the numerator unit is the same as the numerator unit for the "as content" data element
- 3.1.6.4 If there is no "as content" (package information) data element in the part, then the numerator unit is 1
- 3.1.6.5 If there is a code, then the general rules for product code apply (see 3.1.1.2ff).
- 3.1.6.6 There is a name
- 3.1.6.7 Procedures for source, ingredients, characteristics and packaging are the same as for products without parts

3.1.7 Marketing Category and Application Number

The approval structure specifies in the <code> the marketing category under which the product is approved for marketing. Products marketed under an approved application have an application number in the <id extension> and application tracking

system under <id root>. Products marketed under a monograph provide the regulatory citation for the monograph <id extension> and the Code of Federal Regulations under <id root>. If there is no application number or monograph citation, the id element is omitted.

```
<subjectOf>
  <approval>
   <id extension="application or monograph number"</pre>
       root="FDA document tracking system OID or CFR OID"/>
    <code code="code for marketing category"</pre>
          codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
          displayName="display name"/>
    <author>
      <territorialAuthority>
        <territory>
          <code code="USA" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.28"/>
        </territory>
     </territorialAuthority>
    </author>
  </approval>
</subjectOf>
```

Marketing category is connected through the <subjectOf> element which may appear on the main product:

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
    <manufacturedProduct/>
    <subjectOf/>
```

or on parts:

```
<part>
  <partProduct/>
  <subjectOf/>
```

Example:

- 3.1.7.1 There is one marketing category for every product and product part
- 3.1.7.2 There is a marketing category code.

- 3.1.7.3 Code comes from the *Marketing category* list.
- 3.1.7.4 Display name matches the code
- 3.1.7.5 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.1.7.6 Territorial authority is as above

Marketing Category vs. Application Number

The following are validation procedures relating marketing category to application numbers:

- 3.1.7.7 If the code is C73583 (ANADA), C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), C73588 (conditional NADA), C73593 (NADA), C73594 (NDA), C73605 (NDA authorized generic), C75302 (IND), C80438 (Exempt device), C80440 (Humanitarian Device Exemption), C80441 (Premarket Application), or C80442 (Premarket Notification) or C92556 (Legally Marketed Unapproved New Animal Drugs for Minor Species), then the id root is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.150 (FDA application tracking system).
- 3.1.7.8 If the code is C73603 (OTC monograph final) or C73604 (OTC monograph not final), then the id root is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.149 (Code of Federal Regulations)
- 3.1.7.9 If the code is C73583 (ANADA), then the id extension has the prefix "ANADA" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.10 If the code is C73584 (ANDA), then the id extension has the prefix "ANDA" or "BA" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.11 If the code is C73585 (BLA), then the id extension has the prefix "BLA" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.12 If the code is C73593 (NADA) or C73588 (Conditional NADA), then the id extension has the prefix "NADA" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.13 If the code is C73594 (NDA) or C73605 NDA authorized generic), then the id extension has the prefix "NDA" or "BN" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.14 If the code is C75302 (IND), then the id extension has the prefix "IND" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.15 If the code is C73604 (OTC monograph not final), then at least one active ingredient code (if any) matches an entry in the *OTC validation-not final* list for that monograph citation (id extension).

- 3.1.7.16 If the code is C73603 (OTC monograph final), then at least one active ingredient code (if any) matches an entry in the *OTC validation-final* list for that monograph citation (id extension).
- 3.1.7.17 If the code is C73603 (OTC monograph final), then *all* active ingredient codes (if any) match an entry in the *OTC validation-final-all* list for that monograph citation (id extension).
- 3.1.7.18 If the code is C92556 (Legally Marketed Unapproved New Animal Drugs for Minor Species), then the id extension has the prefix "MIF" followed by 6 digits.
- 3.1.7.19 If the code is C80438 (Exempt device), then the id extension consists of 3 letters
- 3.1.7.20 If the code is C80440 (Humanitarian Device Exemption), then the id extension has a prefix "H" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.21 If the code is C80441 (Premarket Application), then the id extension has a prefix "P" or "BP" followed by 6 digits
- 3.1.7.22 If the code is C80442 (Premarket Notification), then the id extension has a prefix "K" or "BK" followed by 6 digits.
- 3.1.7.23 If the code is not C73583 (ANADA), C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), C73588 (Conditional NADA), C73593 (NADA), C73594 (NDA), C73603 (OTC monograph final), C73604 (OTC monograph not final), C73605 (NDA authorized generic), C75302 (IND), C80438 (Exempt device), C80440 (Humanitarian Device Exemption), C80441 (Premarket Application), C80442 (Premarket Notification), C95600 (Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), or C92556 (Legally Marketed Unapproved New Animal Drugs for Minor Species), then there is no id.
- 3.1.7.24 If the marketing category is C95600 (Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), then there is an id.
- 3.1.7.25 If the marketing category is C95600 (Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), then the id extension has the prefix "NDA", "ANDA", or "BLA" followed by 6 digits

Application Number Consistency

3.1.7.26 If the code is C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), or C73594 (NDA) and the application number was already submitted, then the active ingredient UNIIs are the same as in any previous submission of a product with the same application number.

3.1.8 Marketing status

The marketing status provides information on when the product is on or off the market.

The <code> indicates the activity of "marketing". The status of the product is described in the <statusCode> as either "active" for being on the market or "completed" when marketing is done the product is no longer going to be available on the market. The date when the product is on or off the market is included in the <effectiveTime>. The date when the product is on the market is characterized by the <low value>.

Example of a currently marketed product:

The date off the market such as the expiration date of the last lot released to the market is characterized by the <high value>.

Example of a product that is off the market:

For some types of products, a marketing status may be provided on the package level:

```
<asContent>
  <containerPackagedProduct>...</containerPackagedProduct>
```

- 3.1.8.1 There is one marketing status code for each top-level product (part products do not need this)
- 3.1.8.2 There is not more than one marketing status on any one item.
- 3.1.8.3 Code is C53292 and code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 3.1.8.4 Status code is *active* or *completed*
- 3.1.8.5 If the status code is *active*, then there is a low value (marketing start date) and no high value (marketing end date)
- 3.1.8.6 If the code is *completed*, then there is a low and high value
- 3.1.8.7 The effective time low (marketing start date) and high boundary (marketing end date) have at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD
- 3.1.8.8 If there is a high value (marketing start date,) then it is not less than the low value (marketing end date.)
- 3.1.8.9 A package marketing status can not be submitted before November 7, 2013.
- 3.1.8.10 A marketing status can only be on a package in documents of types *Human Prescription Drug Label* (34391-3), *Human OTC Drug Label* (34390-5), *Human Compounded Drug Label* (75031-5) or *Bulk Ingredient* (53409-9).
- 3.1.8.11 A marketing status can not be on an inner package.
- 3.1.8.12 A marketing status can not be on a package for a part of a kit.
- 3.1.8.13 If the marketing start or end date is on a package, then the start date is not before the marketing start date of the product and the end date not after the end date of the product.
- 3.1.8.14 If any of the products in the document has the application number prefix BA or BN, then there is no package marketing status.

3.1.9 Characteristics

Many characteristics may be specified for products as specified later for specific product types. In general, the characteristic structure allows specifying any properties of the product in a code-value pair, the code saying which property is being specified, the value saying what the property is for the given product. The characteristics structure connects to the product Role through the subjectOf element.

Some characteristics may be specified for packaged products:

Characteristics listed in Table 7 use one of a number of different data types. Each data type uses slightly different XML elements and attributes as shown in the templates below:

Characteristic of type physical quantity (PQ):

Characteristic of type number (REAL):

Characteristic of type integer number (INT):

Characteristic of coded type (CV):

Characteristic of type character string (ST):

Characteristic of type interval of physical quantity (IVL<PQ>):

Characteristic of type Boolean (true/false value)

Table 4: Characteristic codes and code systems.

Name	Code System OID / Code	Data Type	Description
SPL Characteristics	2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255		Used early on with Existing SPL for drugs characteristics codes that are possibly applicable for devices:
	SPLSIZE	PQ	Greatest dimension in millimeter
	SPLCOLOR	CV	color code from NCI Thesaurus

Name	Code System OID / Code	Data Type	Description
	SPLIMAGE	ED	Photographic image of the product for the purpose of identification, taken under standardized conditions.
LOINC	2.16.840.1.113883.6.1		Used for metrologically well defined properties.
NCI Thesaurus	2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1		Used rarely (if at all) for characteristic codes.

Validation Procedures

- 3.1.9.1 There is a characteristic property code with code and code system
- 3.1.9.2 Characteristic property code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255, 2.16.840.1.113883.6.1, or 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 3.1.9.3 There is a characteristic value with specified type appropriate for the characteristic property.
- 3.1.9.4 Value type is PQ, INT, IVL_PQ, CV, CE, ST, ED, or BL

3.1.10 Combination Product Type

Combination products are defined in 21 CFR 3.2(e). The term combination product includes:

- (1) A product comprised of two or more regulated components, i.e., drug/device, biologic/device, drug/biologic, or drug/device/biologic, that are physically, chemically, or otherwise combined or mixed and produced as a single entity;
- (2) Two or more separate products packaged together in a single package or as a unit and comprised of drug and device products, device and biological products, or biological and drug products;
- (3) A drug, device, or biological product packaged separately that according to its investigational plan or proposed labeling is intended for use only with an approved individually specified drug, device, or biological product where both are required to achieve the intended use, indication, or effect and where upon approval of the proposed product the labeling of the approved product would need to be changed, e.g., to reflect a change in intended use, dosage form, strength, route of administration, or significant change in dose; or
- (4) Any investigational drug, device, or biological product packaged separately that according to its proposed labeling is for use only with another individually specified investigational drug, device, or biological product where both are required to achieve the intended use, indication, or effect.

To mark products as combination products, the nearest combining package should bear the combination product type characteristic:

Validation Procedures

3.1.10.1 Code and code system are as above

```
SPLCMBPRDTP Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
```

- 3.1.10.3 Value comes from the Combination Product Type list.
- 3.1.10.4 Display name matches the value code
- 3.1.10.5 Combination product type characteristic is on the inner-most packaging except if the document type is for bulk ingredient (53409-9).

3.1.11 Marking a Package as a Sample [DRAFT]

Packages that are samples are marked as follows:

Validation Procedures

3.1.11.1 Code and code system are as above

TBD=SAMPLE The package marked as sample has a package item code.

3.2 Drug, Dietary Supplement and Medical Food Products

The drug, dietary supplement and medical food product data elements includes the product codes, proprietary and non proprietary name, dosage form, ingredient and active moiety name, ingredient identifier, ingredient strength, package quantity, type and code, marketing category, marketing status, dosage form appearance, DEA schedule, and route of administration.

Drug products are those products with the appropriate marketing categories listed in Table 1. Dietary supplement are those products that are associated with the dietary supplement (C86952) marketing category. Medical foods are associated with the medical food marketing category (C86964).

The drug product consists of a product item code (NDC for drugs and NHRIC for dietary supplements or medical foods), proprietary and non proprietary name, and dosage form. These are children of <manufacturedProduct>. The proprietary name is the name as it appears on the label divided between <name> and <suffix>. The <name> is the initial portion of the proprietary name describing the ingredients without any other descriptors including trademarks and dosage forms. If necessary, <suffix> is used for descriptors such as "extended release". When using the <suffix>, a space after the proprietary name is added as necessary. If there is no proprietary name, the non proprietary name is used without any descriptors. The dosage form is described in <formCode>. The <genericMedicine><name> is the non proprietary name of the product.

3.2.1 Code and Name

- 3.2.1.1 If the product item code is an NDC/NHRIC (i.e., if the root is "2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"), then the following procedures apply:
- 3.2.1.2 Code (NDC/NHRIC product code) has two segments separated by a hyphen
- 3.2.1.3 The first segment (NDC/NHRIC labeler code) is numeric.

- 3.2.1.4 Segments (NDC/NHRIC product codes) follow the pattern of 4-4, 5-4 or 5-3
- 3.2.1.5 The second segment (middle segment of three-segment NDC) is alpha-numeric (letters must be upper-case).
- 3.2.1.6 If the product item code is an ISBT 128 code (i.e., if the root is "2.16.840.1.113883.6.18"), then the following procedures apply:
- 3.2.1.7 Code contains two segments separated by a hyphen.
- 3.2.1.8 The first segment contains the ISBT 128 Facility Identification Number (FIN) begins with a capital letter followed by 3 digits.
- 3.2.1.9 The second segment contains the ISBT 128 Facility Identification Number (FIN) and the ISBT 128 Product Description Code
- 3.2.1.10 First segment (NDC/NHRIC labeler code) matches a Labeler Code associated with the Labeler id, except for parts.
- 3.2.1.11 Code has the same labeler segment as the NDC product/item code of all top-level products in this document, except under parts
- 3.2.1.12 Code has the same length as all other NDC product/item codes with the same labeler segment in this document (i.e., all NDC product/item codes from one labeler have the same consistent length and hence all package item codes have the same consistent configuration.)
- 3.2.1.13 Code has the same length as any other NDC product/item codes of the same labeler (i.e., all NDC product/item codes by the same labeler have the same consistent length and hence all package item codes have the same consistent configuration.)
- 3.2.1.14 There is only one product element for each NDC product/item code, i.e., the same product is not described more than once except under parts.
- 3.2.1.15 If the NDC product/item code is mentioned elsewhere in the document, then the product and generic name, dosage form, UNII and strength of all ingredients are the same.
- 3.2.1.16 There is a name
- 3.2.1.17 Name contains no special symbols (e.g., no "®" or "TM" etc) and no "USP" or dosage forms.
- 3.2.1.18 There is a form code (dosage form)

- 3.2.1.19 Form code (dosage form)has the code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.1.20 If the product has parts, then the form code is C47916 (for KIT)
- 3.2.1.21 Display name matches the code
- 3.2.1.22 There is a generic medicine name
- 3.2.1.23 Generic medicine name contains no special symbols (e.g., no "®" or "TM" etc) and no "USP" or dosage forms.
- 3.2.1.24 Generic medicine name contains no suffix.
- 3.2.1.25 Generic medicine name contains no more than 512 characters.
- 3.2.1.26 If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product name is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.
- 3.2.1.27 If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the generic name is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.
- 3.2.1.28 If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the active ingredient UNII and active ingredient strength are the same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.
- 3.2.1.29 If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product dosage form is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.
- 3.2.1.30 If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product characteristics of size is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.

If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product characteristics of shape is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.

If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product characteristics of color is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.

If the NDC product/item code was previously submitted, then the product characteristics of imprint code is same as in the most recent submission for this NDC product/item code.

Product source

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.2.1 As equivalent entity class code, code and code system are as above
- 3.2.2.2 If there is a classCode, it is "EQUIV".
- 3.2.2.3 Defining material kind code matches a NDC product/item code in a SPL file with a different set id
- 3.2.2.4 NDC product/item code for the source is not the same as the NDC product/item code for the product

3.2.3 Active ingredient

Active ingredients are specified as follows:

The class code for active ingredient is dependent on the basis of the strength. If the basis of strength is the active ingredient, the class code is "ACTIB". If the basis of strength is the active moiety, the class code is "ACTIM". If the basis of strength is a reference drug, the class code is "ACTIR". The strength is represented as a numerator and denominator. The UCUM code is used for the unit of measure. The UCUM code for a unit that is an "each" is "1" Examples of "each" is in the table below.

In most cases, the strength used is that for a single dose following the conventions in Table 5. In the table, an example of "mass" is milligrams, an example of "volume" is milliliter, an example of "time" is hour, and an example of "each" is tablet.

Table 5: Conventions for expressing strength

Product	Numerator unit	Denominator unit
Oral solid	Mass	Each
Oral liquid	Mass	Volume
Oral powder for reconstitution with a known volume	Mass	Volume
Oral powder for reconstitution with a variable volume	Mass	Each

Suppository	Mass	Each
Injection liquid	Mass	Volume
Injection powder for reconstitution with a known volume	Mass	Volume
Injection powder for reconstitution with a variable volume	Mass	Each
Inhaler powder	Mass	Each
Inhaler liquid	Volume	Each
Inhaler blister	Mass	Each
Topical cream or ointment	Mass	Mass
Topical gel or lotion	Mass	Volume
Transdermal patch	Mass	Time
Bulk liquid	Mass	Volume
Bulk solid	Mass	Mass

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.3.1 Class code for active ingredients are ACTIB, ACTIM or ACTIR
- 3.2.3.2 If the document type is for 'bulk ingredient' (53409-9) with a marketing category of 'bulk ingredient' (C73626), then there is one and only one active ingredient.
- 3.2.3.3 If the product has no parts and is not a part, then there are one or more active ingredients.
- 3.2.3.4 If the product has parts, then the active ingredients are under parts
- 3.2.3.5 There is a strength with a numerator and denominator
- 3.2.3.6 If the document type is for 'bulk ingredient' (53409-9) with a marketing category of 'bulk ingredient' (C73626), then numerator and denominator are the same.
- 3.2.3.7 The strength numerator is based on mass (e.g., mg or g) and not volume (e.g. mL or L), except for ingredients such as water, alcohol, and gases.

3.2.4 Active moiety

Validation Procedures

3.2.4.1 There are one or two active moieties

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 3.2.4.2 There is an active moiety code (UNII)
- 3.2.4.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 3.2.4.4 There is an active moiety name for each active moiety
- 3.2.4.5 If the active ingredient is in the active-ingredient-active-moiety-validation-list, then the active moiety and basis of strength is the corresponding active moiety and basis of strength respectively in this list, except if the document type is for bulk ingredient (53409-9).
- 3.2.4.6 If the active ingredient is not in the active-ingredient-active-moiety-validation-list, then the active moiety name does not include any of the names in the *active moiety validation* (counter ion) list except if the word appears by itself optionally followed by "(ester)", "cation" or "anion" or "ion".
- 3.2.4.7 Active moiety name matches the code (UNII)

3.2.5 Reference Ingredient for Strength

- 3.2.5.1 If the class code is ACTIR, then there is an asEquivalentSubstance element with a defining substance
- 3.2.5.2 If the class code is not ACTIR, then there is no asEquivalentSubstance element
- 3.2.5.3 There is a reference ingredient code
- 3.2.5.4 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 3.2.5.5 There is a name (preferred substance name)
- 3.2.5.6 The name matches the code (UNII)
- 3.2.5.7 If the document type code is 53404-0 (Vaccine Label) and if there is any active ingredient under the main product or under its first part, then at least one active ingredient code is on the list of active ingredients approved for vaccines.

3.2.6 Inactive ingredient

The inactive ingredient includes the inactive ingredient class code, ingredient name, identifier, and strength. The element <ingredient> is a child of <manufacturedProduct>. The class code for inactive ingredient is "IACT". The strength, if needed, is represented as a numerator and denominator and is described using UCUM units of measure. If the inactive ingredient is confidential, the element <ingredient> includes <confidentialityCode code="B" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"/>.

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.6.1 There are zero to many inactive ingredients.
- 3.2.6.2 If the document type is *human OTC drug label* (34390-5), then there is at least one inactive ingredient.
- 3.2.6.3 Class code is IACT
- 3.2.6.4 If the product has parts, then the inactive ingredients are under parts
- 3.2.6.5 If the document type is *human OTC drug label* (34390-5), then there is no confidentiality code.
- 3.2.6.6 There is no ingredient other than active ingredient (having class code ACTIM, ACTIR, ACTIB), inactive ingredient (having class code IACT), adjuvant (having class code ADJV), and those having class code CNTM.

3.2.7 Packaging

The format for packaging specification is:

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.7.1 Every top-level product has an "as content" (package information) element (optional for parts)
- 3.2.7.2 If outer package description has a production quantity characteristic, then the marketing category is C90000 (503B outsourced compounded product).
- 3.2.7.3 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then each outer package description has a production quantity characteristic.
- 3.2.7.4 If the quantity numerator unit is not "1", then there is no translation
- 3.2.7.5 If there is a translation, then code is from the *unit of presentation* list
- 3.2.7.6 If there is a translation, then code system for the translation code is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.7.7 If there is a translation, then display name matches the translation code
- 3.2.7.8 If there is a translation, then code agrees with the form code of the contained item. For example, if the form code is "blister pack" (C43168) the translation code is also "blister pack" (C61569) and not "blister"
- 3.2.7.9 The outer package item code is not associated with another set id except under parts.
- 3.2.7.10 If the package item code has been previously submitted, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same as in the most recent submission for this package item code.
- 3.2.7.11 There are no drug package characteristics other than the ones mentioned in this document.

3.2.8 Parts

Products with one or more parts

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.8.1 If the product form code is 'C47916' (KIT), then there is one or more parts
- 3.2.8.2 If the product has parts, then at least one part has one or more active ingredients.
- 3.2.8.3 Procedures for code, name, dosage form code, source, ingredients, characteristics and packaging are the same as for the main products (see 0ff)

3.2.9 Marketing Category

Example:

- 3.2.9.1 If the code is C80438 (Exempt device), C80440 (Humanitarian Device Exemption), C80441 (Premarket Application), or C80442 (Premarket Notification), then there is at least one part.
- 3.2.9.2 If the document type code is: 50577-6 (OTC animal drug), 50576-8 (OTC type A), 50574-3 (OTC type B), 50573-5 (OTC type C), 50578-4 (prescription animal drug), 50575-0 (VFD type A), 50572-7 (VFD type B) or 50571-9 (VFD type C), then the marketing category is: C73583 (ANADA), C73588 (Conditional NADA), C73593 (NADA), C92556 (legally marketed

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - unapproved new animal drugs for minor species), C73614 (unapproved homeopathic), C73613 (unapproved medical gas) or C73627 (unapproved drug other).
- 3.2.9.3 If the marketing category is C73583 (ANADA), C73588 (Conditional NADA), C73593 (NADA), then the document type code is: 50577-6 (OTC animal drug), 50576-8 (OTC type A), 50574-3 (OTC type B), 50573-5 (OTC type C), 50578-4 (prescription animal drug), 50575-0 (VFD type A), 50572-7 (VFD type B) or 50571-9 (VFD type C)
- 3.2.9.4 If the marketing category is C73626 (bulk ingredient), C94795 (drug for further processing), C96793 (bulk ingredient for human prescription compounding), or C98252 (bulk ingredient for animal drug compounding), then the document type is 53409-9 (bulk ingredient).
- 3.2.9.5 If the document type is 53409-9 (bulk ingredient), then the marketing category is C73626 (bulk ingredient), C94795 (drug for further processing), C96793 (bulk ingredient for human prescription compounding), or C98252 (bulk ingredient for animal drug compounding).
- 3.2.9.6 If the code is C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), or C73594 (NDA), then there exists a record of an application for the application number.
- 3.2.9.7 If the code is C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), or C73594 (NDA) and the marketing is active with a start date on or before the current date, then there exists a record of an approved application for the application number.
- 3.2.9.8 If the code is C73584 (ANDA), C73585 (BLA), or C73594 (NDA) and the marketing status is completed, then there exists a record of an approved or withdrawn application for the application number.
- 3.2.9.9 If the marketing category is C95600 (Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), C95601 (OTC monograph drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), then the document type is 34391-3 (Human prescription drug label) or 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label)
- 3.2.9.10 If the marketing category is C86964 (Medical Food), then the document type is 58475-5 (Medical Food), except under parts.
- 3.2.9.11 If the document type is 58475-5 (Medical Food), then the marketing category is C86964 (Medical Food).
- 3.2.9.12 If the marketing category is C86952 (Dietary Supplement), then the document type is 58476-3 (Dietary Supplement), except under parts.

- 3.2.9.13 If the document type is 58476-3 (Dietary Supplement), then the marketing category is C86952 (Dietary Supplement).
- 3.2.9.14 If the document type is *Human prescription drug label* (34391-3), then the marketing category is not *OTC Monograph Final* (C73603), *OTC Monograph Not Final* (C73604), or *OTC Monograph Drug Product Manufactured Exclusively for Private Label Distributor* (C95601), except under parts.
- 3.2.9.15 If marketing category is C90000 (503B outsourced compounded product), then each outer package description has a production quantity characteristic.

3.2.10 Marketing Status and Date

The procedures for marketing status and date (if any) are the same for all products and described in Section 3.1.8.

Validation Procedures

3.2.10.1 There is one marketing status code for each top-level product (part products do not need this)

3.2.11 DEA schedule

The DEA schedule, when applicable, is described under <policy> which is a child of <subjectOf> which is a child of <manufacturedProduct> as illustrated in the following example of a drug that is schedule II.

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.11.1 If there is a DEA schedule, then the code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.11.2 Display name matches the code
- 3.2.11.3 The policy element has a class code of 'DEADrugSchedule'.

3.2.12 Solid Oral Drug Product characteristics

Product characteristics include dosage form appearance. Dosage form characteristics are used to describe the appearance of the drug product and include the color, score, shape, size, imprint code and image. These are all under <subjectOf> which is a child

of <manufacturedProduct>. Product characteristics also include product flavor and what the product contains.

```
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLCOLOR" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value code="code for color" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
           displayName="display name for color" xsi:type="CE">
      <originalText>optional original color description text</originalText>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLSCORE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value value="value for score" xsi:type="INT"/>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLSHAPE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value code="code for shape" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
           displayName="display name for shape" xsi:type="CE">
      <originalText>optional original shape description text</originalText>
    </value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLSIZE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value unit="mm" value="value for size in mm" xsi:type="PQ"/>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLIMPRINT" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value xsi:type="ST">imprint separated by semicolon</value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLFLAVOR" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value code="code for flavor" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
           displayName="display name for flavor" xsi:type="CE">
      <originalText>optional flavor description text/originalText>
    </value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic classCode="OBS">
    <code code="SPLIMAGE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value xsi:type="ED" mediaType="image/jpeg">
      <reference value="file name.jpg"/>
    </value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
```

3.2.13 Color

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.13.1 If the dosage form is on the *solid oral dosage form* list, then there is a color.
- 3.2.13.2 Code and code system is as above (for SPLCOLOR)
- 3.2.13.3 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.13.4 Display name matches the value code

3.2.14 Shape

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.14.1 If the dosage form is on the solid oral dosage form list, then there is a shape
- 3.2.14.2 Code and code system is as above (for SPLSHAPE)
- 3.2.14.3 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.14.4 Display name matches the value code
- 3.2.14.5 There is only one shape element

3.2.15 Size

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.15.1 If the dosage form is on the *solid oral dosage form* list, then there is a size
- 3.2.15.2 Code and code system is as above (for SPLSIZE)
- 3.2.15.3 There is a unit and value for size element
- 3.2.15.4 Value units is mm for size element
- 3.2.15.5 Value is a whole number greater than zero for size element
- 3.2.15.6 There is only one size element

3.2.16 Scoring

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.16.1 If the dosage form is on the *solid oral dosage form* list, then there is scoring
- 3.2.16.2 Code and code system is as above (for SPLSCORE)
- 3.2.16.3 The value is 1, 2, 3, 4 or nullFlavor="OTH" (for SPLSCORE)

```
<characteristic>
     <code code="SPLSCORE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
     <value nullFlavor="OTH" xsi:type="INT"/>
```

3.2.16.4 There is only one score element

3.2.17 Imprint code

- 3.2.17.1 Code and code system is as above (for SPLIMPRINT)
- 3.2.17.2 Value has only letters and numbers separated by semicolon without spaces (for SPLIMPRINT)
- 3.2.17.3 There is only one imprint code element

3.2.18 Flavor

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.18.1 If there is a flavor, then code and code system is as above
- 3.2.18.2 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.18.3 Display name matches the value code

3.2.19 Image

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.19.1 If there is SPL image, then code and code system are as above
- 3.2.19.2 Value xsi:type is as above
- 3.2.19.3 mediaType is "image/jpeg"
- 3.2.19.4 Reference value is the file name for the image
- 3.2.19.5 Image file obtained from FDA has the file name assigned by FDA.
- 3.2.19.6 The image file is submitted together with the SPL file.
- 3.2.19.7 There are no product characteristics other than the ones mentioned above.

3.2.20 Route of administration

Route of administration may be specified for products

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1 and their parts:

```
<part>
  <consumedIn/>
```

Route of administration is specified as follows:

Validation Procedures

- 3.2.20.1 If the document type is not for 'bulk ingredient' (53409-9) and product is not a top-level product whose form code is C47916, then there is one or more "consumed in" (route of administration) substance administration with route code.
- 3.2.20.2 Route code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.2.20.3 There is a display name that matches the code
- 3.2.20.4 If the document type is for 'bulk ingredient' (53409-9), then route code is "not applicable" or not present at all.

```
<routeCode nullFlavor="NA"/>
```

3.2.20.5 The route (of administration) code cannot be "not applicable" (C48623) for document types other than bulk ingredient (53409-9).

3.3 Device Product

Device products are those products with the appropriate marketing categories listed in Table 1.

3.3.1 Item Code and Name

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.1.1 There may be an NDC product/item code
- 3.3.1.2 If there is a NDC product/item code, the following general procedures apply:
- 3.3.1.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 (NHRIC), 1.3.160 (GS1), or 2.16.840.1.113883.6.40 (HIBCC).
- 3.3.1.4 Code is compliant with the code system's allocation rules.
- 3.3.1.5 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the medical device as hused in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.3.1.6 Markings such as ®, or TM should not be included
- 3.3.1.7 There is a device type (asSpecializedKind element) with a code.
- 3.3.1.8 code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.303 for FDA Product Classification System
- 3.3.1.9 there is a valid medical device product classification code
- 3.3.1.10 there is a displayName which matches the code

3.3.2 Additional Device Identifiers

These additional identifiers may also appear under device parts:

```
<part>
  <partProduct>
     <asIdentifiedEntity>
```

3.3.2.1 There may be one or more additional identifiers, including model number (C99286), catalog number (C99285), and reference number (C99287).

- 3.3.2.2 There is a code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 3.3.2.3 Code is from the identifier type list

Table 6:Additional Identifier Types

Identifier Type	Code	Description
Model Number	C99286	the exact model number found on the device label or accompanying packaging.
Catalog Number	C99285	the exact number as it appears in the manufacturer's catalog, device labeling, or accompanying packaging
Reference Number	C99287	any secondary product identifier

- 3.3.2.4 There is one id
- 3.3.2.5 Id has a root OID
- 3.3.2.6 The actual identifier is in the extension.
- 3.3.2.7 There is at most one Model Number reference (C99286)
- 3.3.2.8 The id root can be any root OID over which the labeler has authority. If the labeler has no such root OID of its own, then the root is constructed by concatenating the DUNS number (without leading zeroes) to the fixed string "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.3."
- 3.3.2.9 There is at most one Catalog Number (C99285)
- 3.3.2.10 The id root can be any root OID over which the labeler has authority. If the labeler has no such root OID of its own, then the root is constructed by concatenating the DUNS number (without leading zeroes) to the fixed string "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.3."
- 3.3.2.11 The product may have multiple reference numbers (i.e., secondary identifiers, C99287).
- 3.3.2.12 The id root is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 (NHRIC), 1.3.160 (GS1), 2.16.840.1.113883.6.40 (HIBCC), or may be constructed by concatenating the DUNS number (without leading zeroes) to the fixed string "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.3."
- 3.3.2.13 Id extension is compliant with the code system's allocation rules.

3.3.3 Equivalence to Predecessor Model [DRAFT]

<subject>
 <manufacturedProduct>
 <manufacturedProduct>

- 3.3.3.1 classCode, code and code system are as above
- 3.3.3.2 If there is a classCode, it is "EQUIV".
- 3.3.3.3 Defining material kind code matches an Item Code in a SPL file with a different set id
- 3.3.3.4 Item Code for the predecessor is not the same as the Item Code for the product

3.3.4 Device Ingredient

Ingredients included in devices that are not identified as active ingredients include the ingredient class code, ingredient name, identifier, and strength. The element <ingredient> is a child of <manufacturedProduct>. The class code for ingredient is "INGR". The strength, if needed, is represented as a numerator and denominator and is described using UCUM units of measure.

This structure is also used to indicate that a product contains latex (UNII code for latex).

Note that devices may have active ingredients as well, such as in a medicated stent, i.e., where the device serves in part the function of releasing a built-in drug. This is to be distinguished from devices such as syringes which are delivery devices for a drug product that they contain.

3.3.5 Device Packaging [DRAFT]

The format for the packaging specification is:

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.5.1 There is no translation
- 3.3.5.2 Code is not associated with another set id except under parts.
- 3.3.5.3 If the Item Code has been previously submitted, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same as in the most recent submission for this Item Code.
- 3.3.5.4 There are no drug package characteristics other than the ones mentioned in this document.

3.3.6 Sterile Device Packaging [DRAFT]

Every sterile product will be inside at least an inner sealed package, therefore the sterility property is associated with the <asContent> role that links that inner package to the product.

- 3.3.6.1 Code and code system are as above
- 3.3.6.2 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.3.6.3 Value code is C00004 (sterile) or C00005 (to be sterilized), or C00006 (not sterilizable).
- 3.3.6.4 Display name matches the value code
- 3.3.6.5 There is only one sterilizable element

3.3.7 Device Parts

Device parts may be specified for the product in the same way as for other product kits (see Section 3.1.6 Kits, Parts, Components and Accessories above),

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.7.1 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the medical device as used in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.3.7.2 Markings such as ®, or TM should not be included

3.3.8 Part of Assembly

When products are used together but packaged separately, the data element <asPartOfAssembly> is used to identify the other product. The products could be drugs or devices.

3.3.9 Regulatory Identifiers

Regulatory identifiers, marketing status and characteristics are all connected through the <subjectOf> element which may appear on the main product:

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
     <manufacturedProduct/>
     <subjectOf/>
```

The regulatory identifier:

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.9.1 There is one regulatory identifier for each product
- 3.3.9.2 Code comes from Table 1 for product type "device".
- 3.3.9.3 Display name matches the code
- 3.3.9.4 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.3.9.5 If the code is PMA (C80441), 510(k) (C80442), Exempt device (C80438), or Humanitarian Device Exemption (C80440), then the id root is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.150.
- 3.3.9.6 If the code is C80441 (Premarket Application), then the id extension has a prefix "P" or "BP" followed by 6 digits
- 3.3.9.7 If the code is C80442 (Premarket Notification), then the id extension has a prefix "K" or "BK" followed by 6 digits.
- 3.3.9.8 If the code is C80438 (Exempt device), then the id extension consists of 3 letters
- 3.3.9.9 If the code is C80440 (Humanitarian Device Exemption), then the id extension has a prefix "H" followed by 6 digits
- 3.3.9.10 Territorial authority is as above

3.3.10 Marketing status and date

The procedures for marketing status and date (if any) are the same for all products and described in Section 3.1.8.

Validation Procedures

3.3.10.1 There is one marketing status code for each top-level product (part products do not need this)

3.3.11 Device Characteristics

Many characteristics exist for devices and are listed here in tabular form. The characteristic structure allows specifying any properties of the product in a codevalue pair, the code saying which property is being specified, the value saying what the property is for the given product. The characteristics structure connects to the product Role through the subjectOf element.

Characteristics listed in Table 7 use one of a number of different data types. Each data type uses slightly different XML elements and attributes as shown in the templates in Section 3.1.9 Characteristics 3.1.9.

Table 7: Characteristic codes and code systems.

Name	Code / Code System OID	Data Type	Description
Number of times useable.	SPLUSE 2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255	INT	Specifies how often a product may be reused. While a number could be specified, the common distinction is between single disposable and multiple use products. A product that has unlimited reuses uses the <value nullflavor="PINF" xsi:type="INT"></value> .
Sterile Use	SPLSTERILEUSE 2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255	BL	Specifies whether the device is intended or not intended to be used where sterile conditions are necessary (e.g., pens).
MRI Safety	SPLMRISAFE 2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255	BL	Yes (MRI Safe), No (MRI unsafe)

Validation Procedures

3.3.11.1 There are no device characteristics other than the ones mentioned in this document.

3.3.12 Reusability

```
<subjectOf>
    <characteristic>
        <code code="SPLUSE" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
        <value value="1" xsi:type="INT"/>
```

Validation Procedures

3.3.12.1 Code and code system is as above

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 3.3.12.2 The value is an integer number greater or equal 1 (1 meaning single use, and number greater than 1 meaning reusable up to this many times.)
- 3.3.12.3 There is only one reusability element

3.3.13 Product Control [DRAFT]

```
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
   <code code="SPLPRDCTLSN" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value value="true" xsi:type="BL"/>
 </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
   <code code="SPLPRDCTLLN" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value value="true" xsi:type="BL"/>
 </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
   <code code="SPLPRDCTLMD" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
    <value value="true" xsi:type="BL"/>
 </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
   <code code="SPLPRDCTLED" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
   <value value="false" xsi:type="BL"/>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
```

Validation Procedures

3.3.13.1 Code and code system are as above

Table 8:Additional Identifier Types

Control By	Code	Description
Serial Number	SPLPRDCTLSN	Product is controlled by serial number.
Lot Number	SPLPRDCTLLN	Product is controlled by lot number
Manufacturing Date	SPLPRDCTLMD	Product is controlled by manufacturing date
Expiration Date	SPLPRDCTLED	Product is controlled by expiration date

- 3.3.13.2 Value type is "BL" (Boolean)
- 3.3.13.3 Value is "true" or "false"

3.3.14 Sterile Use

- 3.3.14.1 Code and code system are as above
- 3.3.14.2 Value type is "BL" (Boolean)
- 3.3.14.3 Value is "true" or "false"

3.3.15 Size Text [DRAFT]

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.15.1 Code and code system is as above
- 3.3.15.2 There is a non-empty string value with no more than 512 characters.
- 3.3.15.3 There is only one size text element

3.3.16 Storage Condition Text [DRAFT]

Validation Procedures

- 3.3.16.1 Code and code system is as above
- 3.3.16.2 There is a non-empty string value with no more than 512 characters.
- 3.3.16.3 There is only one storage text element

3.3.17 UDI Marker [DRAFT]

An Item Code is marked as a UDI by indicating that it is a product of a potential supply (trade) activity.

This can be indicated under the device itself (e.g., any device with a label)

or under packaging:

```
<asContent>
<asContent>
```

3.4 Cosmetic Product

Cosmetic products are those products with marketing category C86965 (cosmetic).

3.4.1 Item Code and Name

Validation Procedures

- 3.4.1.1 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the cosmeti as used in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.4.1.2 Markings such as ®, or TM should not be included
- 3.4.1.3 There is a cosmetic type (asSpecializedKind element) with a code.
- 3.4.1.4 code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.303 for FDA Product Classification System
- 3.4.1.5 there is a valid cosmetic product classification code
- 3.4.1.6 there is a displayName which matches the code

3.4.2 Cosmetic Ingredient

Cosmetic ingredients use the class code INGR. The ingredients are included in decending order of predominant weight as in the label.

- 3.4.2.1 Class code for cosmetic ingredients is INGR
- 3.4.2.2 If the product has no parts and is not a part, then there are one or more ingredients.
- 3.4.2.3 If the product has parts, then the ingredients are under parts

3.4.3 Cosmetic Parts

Cosmetic parts may be specified for the product in the same way as for other product kits (see Section 3.1.6 Kits, Parts, Components and Accessories above),

Validation Procedures

- 3.4.3.1 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the cosmetic as used in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.4.3.2 Markings such as ®, or TM should not be included

3.4.4 Marketing status and date

The procedures for marketing status and date (if any) are the same for all products and described in Section 3.1.8.

Validation Procedures

3.4.4.1 There is one marketing status code for each top-level product (part products do not need this)

3.5 Food Product [DRAFT]

```
<section>
  <subject>
    <manufacturedProduct>
      <manufacturedProduct>
        <code code="91234561234569" codeSystem="1.3.160"/>
        <name>Gollek's Cornflakes
        <formCode code="E0153" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
     displayName="Whole, shape achieved by forming, thick < 0.3 cm"/>
        <asSpecializedKind>
          <generalizedMaterialKind>
            <code code="A0258" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
             displayName="Breakfast cereal"/>
           </generalizedMaterialKind>
        </asSpecializedKind>
     </manufacturedProduct>
     <subjectOf>
        <approval>
           <code code="C99999" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
                 displayName="FOOD"/>
```

Food products are those products with the appropriate marketing categories listed in Table 1.

- 3.5.1.1 There is an Item Code
- 3.5.1.2 General rules about the Item Code are:
- 3.5.1.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 (NHRIC), 1.3.160 (GS1 GTIN).
- 3.5.1.4 Code is compliant with the code system's allocation rules.
- 3.5.1.5 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the food as used in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.5.1.6 Markings such as ®, or TM are not included
- 3.5.1.7 There is a form code
- 3.5.1.8 Form code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.291 for LanguaL or 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1 for the special formCode 'KIT' from NCI Thesaurus.
- 3.5.1.9 If the product form code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1, then the code is 'C47916' (KIT) and vice versa

- 3.5.1.10 If the product form code system is 'C47916' (KIT), then the code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.5.1.11 If form code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.291, then the code is a valid LanguaL code for Physical state, form, shape (facet E) starting with "E" and followed by 4 digits
- 3.5.1.12 display name matches the code
- 3.5.1.13 There is a food type (asSpecializedKind element) with a code.
- 3.5.1.14 code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.291 for LanguaL
- 3.5.1.15 code is a valid LanguaL Product Type code (facet A) starting with "A" and followed by 4 digits
- 3.5.1.16 display name matches the code
- 3.5.1.17 If the Item Code was previously submitted, then the food product type, ... are the same as in the most recent submission for this Item Code.

3.5.2 Food Ingredient

Ingredients may be specified for food products

and parts.

```
<part>
  <partProduct>
     <ingredient/>
```

Food ingredients are specified with one BASE ingredient (LanguaL facet B) and zero or more additives ADTV (LanguaL facet H where the term is for a substance added).

Validation Procedures

- 3.5.2.1 If the product has no parts and is not a part, then there is one or more ingredients
- 3.5.2.2 One ingredient have class code "BASE"
- 3.5.2.3 Other ingredients have class code "ADTV"
- 3.5.2.4 If the product has parts, then the ingredients are under parts
- 3.5.2.5 There may be an ingredient quantity with a numerator and denominator with details as specified in Section 3.1.4.Ingredient
- 3.5.2.6 There is an ingredient code with details as specified in Section 3.1.4.Ingredient.
- 3.5.2.7 There is an ingredient name with details as specified in Section 3.1.4.Ingredient.

3.5.3 Treatment, Cooking, and Preservation Methods

Treatment and Preservation Methods of one or more ingredients are specified as substance specifications using LanguaL facets F (Extent of Heat Treatment), G (Cooking Method), H (Treatment Applied), J (Preservation Method). Note, those "treatment applies" concepts that merely indicate an additive added are specified with actual additive ingredients, not with the substance specification.

```
<ingredient>
 <ingredientSubstance/>
    <subjectOf>
      <substanceSpecification>
        <code code="1234" codeSystem="1.2.3.99"/>
        <component>
          cessStep>
            <code code="F0014" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
                  displayName="Fully heat treated"/>
          </processStep>
        </component>
        <component>
          cessStep>
            <code code="J0116" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
                  displayName="Dehydrated or dried"/>
          </processStep>
        </component>
      </substanceSpecification>
```

3.5.4 Product source

The procedures for product source are as in 3.1.2. Note this is *not* "food source" (LanguaL facet B) but simply the reference to a product by an original manufacturer that is being repacked / relabeled.

3.5.5 Packaging

Packaging may be specified for the product,

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
     <asContent/>
```

and for packages.

```
<asContent>
  <containerPackagedProduct>
     <asContent/>
```

The format for the packaging specification is:

Validation Procedures

- 3.5.5.1 Quantity includes a numerator and denominator
- 3.5.5.2 Numerator has a value greater than zero and a unit
- 3.5.5.3 There is no translation
- 3.5.5.4 Denominator has value 1 and either no unit or unit "1"
- 3.5.5.5 There is a form code
- 3.5.5.6 form code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.291 for LanguaL
- 3.5.5.7 form code is a valid LanguaL Container code (facet M) starting with "M" and followed by 4 digits
- 3.5.5.8 display name matches the code
- 3.5.5.9 There is a container packaged product code for the outermost package (only parts do not need this)
- 3.5.5.10 Code is not associated with another set id except under parts.
- 3.5.5.11 If the Item Code has been previously submitted, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same as in the most recent submission for this Item Code.
- 3.5.5.12 If the Item Code is mentioned elsewhere in the document, then the package form code and quantity value and unit are the same.

3.5.6 Contact Surface

If the inner container is of a composite material with a special surface whose properties need to be described, it is done as follows. Note however it is not necessary to describe the contact surface if it is the same as the inner container (e.g. in the above example the polyethylene bag.)

- 3.5.6.1 Code and code system are as above
- 3.5.6.2 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.291 (LanguaL)
- 3.5.6.3 Value code is a valid LanguaL contact surface code (facet N) starting with "N" and followed by 4 digits
- 3.5.6.4 display name matches the code

3.5.7 Food Kits and Parts

Food kits with parts may be specified in the same way as for drug kits (see Drug Parts above),

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <manufacturedProduct>
  <code code="11234561234579" codeSystem="1.3.160"/>
  <name>Gollok's Fastbreak Flakes-n-Milk
  <formCode code="C47916" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
            displayName="KIT"/>
  <part>
    <quantity>
      <numerator value="100" unit="mg"/>
      <denominator value="1"/>
    </quantity>
    <partProduct>
      <code code="91234561234569" codeSystem="1.3.160"/>
      <name>Gollek's Cornflakes
      <formCode code="E0153" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
                displayName="Whole, shape ... thick < 0.3 cm"/>
      <asSpecializedKind>
        <generalizedMaterialKind>
          <code code="A0258" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.291"</pre>
                 displayName="Breakfast cereal"/>
         </generalizedMaterialKind>
       </asSpecializedKind>
```

- 3.5.7.1 If the product form code is 'C47916' (KIT), then there is one or more parts
- 3.5.7.2 Each part has an overall quantity

- 3.5.7.3 If there is an "as content" data element in the part, then the numerator unit is the same as the numerator unit for the "as content" data element
- 3.5.7.4 If there is no "as content" data element in the part, then the numerator unit is 1
- 3.5.7.5 If there is a code, then the general rules for product code apply.
- 3.5.7.6 There is a name, i.e., the trade or proprietary name of the food product as used in product labeling or in the catalog
- 3.5.7.7 Markings such as ®, or TM are not included
- 3.5.7.8 There is a food type (asSpecializedKind element) with a code in the same way as described for Food Products above.
- 3.5.7.9 If the Item Code was previously submitted, then the food product type, ... are the same as in the most recent submission for this Item Code.
- 3.5.7.10 Procedures for source, ingredients, characteristics and packaging are the same as for products without parts

3.5.8 Marketing Category

Marketing category, marketing status and characteristics are all connected through the <subjectOf> element which may appear on the main product:

```
<subject>
  <manufacturedProduct>
    <manufacturedProduct/>
    <subjectOf/>
```

or on the part product:

```
<part>
    <partProduct/>
    <subjectOf/>
```

The marketing category identifier:

- 3.5.8.1 There is one marketing category for each product
- 3.5.8.2 Code comes from the *Marketing Category* list.
- 3.5.8.3 Display name matches the code
- 3.5.8.4 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 3.5.8.5 If the code is C99999 (Food), then there is no id
- 3.5.8.6 Territorial authority is as above

3.5.9 Marketing Status and Date

The procedures for marketing status and date (if any) are the same for all products and described in Section 3.1.8.

Validation Procedures

3.5.9.1 There is one marketing status code for each top-level product (part products do not need this)

3.5.10 Nutrients (Nutrition Facts)

The analytic specification of nutrients occurs as Characteristics. These Characteristics are defined in 21 CFR Part 101.9 and listed in Table 9.

Table 9: Nutrients as per 21 CFR Part 101.9

Table 9: Nutrients as per 21 CFR Part 101.9				
Name	Citation	Qualification	DV% Basis	Examples
Serving size	101.9 (b)	expressed as a real measurement (PQ) and expressed in a common household measure (translation)		cup, tbs, tsp, foz, ounces, piece, slice, tray, jar, and fraction. increments: cup 1/4, 1/3; tbs 1, 1 1/3, 1 1/2, 1 2/3, 2, or 3; tsp 1/8, 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, 1, or 2
Caloric content, total	101.9 (c)(1)	in Calories (Nutrition) optional translation in kJ.		increment 5 if \leq 50, 10 if \leq 50, 0 if \leq 5.
Caloric content derived from total fat	101.9 (c)(1)(ii)			increment 5 if \leq 50, 10 if \leq 50, 0 if \leq 5.
Caloric content derived from saturated fat	101.9 (c)(1)(iii)			
Fatty acid mass content, total	101.9 (c)(2)		65 g	increment 0.5 g if < 5 g, 1 g if > 5 g; 0 if < 0.5 g

Nutrition

Serving Size: 1 cup (3 **Amount Per Serving** Calories 114 Total Fat 0.1 g Saturated Fat 0.03 Trans Fat 0 g Cholesterol 0.3 mg Sodium 306 mg Potassium 27.3 mg Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber 0.87 Sugars 2.34 g Sugar Alcohols Protein 1.95 g Vitamin A 1256.7 IU Vitamin C 20.13 mg Calcium 0.6 mg Iron 8.58 mg

Fatty acid, saturated, mass content	101.9 (c)(2)(i)	20 g	
Fatty acid, trans-, mass content	101.9 (c)(2)(ii)		
Fat mass content, polyunsaturated	101.9 (c)(2)(iii)		
Fat mass content, monounsaturated	101.9 (c)(2)(iv)		
Cholesterol mass content	101.9 (c)(3)	300 mg	increment 5 mg, 0 if < 2 mg
Sodium mass content	101.9 (c)(4)	2,400 mg	increment 5 mg if 5- 140 mg; 10 mg if > 140 mg
Potassium mass content	101.9 (c)(5)	3,500 mg	increment 5 mg if 5- 140 mg; 10 mg if > 140 mg
Carbohydrate, total, mass content	101.9 (c)(6)	300 g	increment 1g if >= 1 g; 0.5 – 1 g "contains less that 1 g"; 0 if < 0.5 g
Dietary fiber mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(i)		
Soluble fiber mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(i)(A)		
Insoluble fiber mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(i)(B)		
Sugars mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(ii)		
Sugar alcohol mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(iii)		
Other carbohydrates mass content	101.9 (c)(6)(iv)		
Protein mass content	101.9 (c)(7)	50 g	
Vitamin A arbitrary content	101.9 (c)(8)-1	5,000 IU	
Vitamin C mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-2	60 mg	
Calcium mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-3	1,000 mg	
Iron mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-4	18 mg	
Vitamin D arbitrary content	101.9 (c)(8)-5	400 IU	
Vitamin E arbitrary content	101.9 (c)(8)-6	30 IU	
Vitamin K mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-7	80 µg	
Thiamin mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-8	1.5 mg	
Riboflavin mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-9	1.7 mg	
Niacin mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-10	20 mg	
Vitamin B6 mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-11	2.0 mg	
Folate mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-12	400 μg	
Vitamin B12 mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-13	6 µg	
Biotin mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-14	300 µg	
Pantothenic acid mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-15	10 mg	
Phosphorus mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-16	1,000 mg	

lodine mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-17	150 μg
Magnesium mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-18	400 mg
Zinc mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-19	15 mg
Selenium mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-20	70 mg
Copper mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-21	2.0 mg
Manganese mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-22	2.0 mg
Chromium mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-23	120 µg
Molybdenum mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-24	75 µg
Chloride mass content	101.9 (c)(8)-25	3,400 mg

The following are examples of the nutrients statements, the others are specified accordingly:

```
<subjectOf>
  <characteristic>
    <code code="101.9(b)" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.149.2"</pre>
          displayName="serving size"/>
    <value xsi:type="PQ" value="30" unit="g">
      <translation value="1" code="cup"</pre>
                   codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.149.3"/>
    </value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
    <code code="101.9(c)(1)" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.149.2"</pre>
          displayName="caloric content, total"/>
    <value xsi:type="PQ" value="114" unit="[Cal]">
      <translation value="477" code="kJ"</pre>
                    codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.8"/>
    </value>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
<subjectOf>
 <characteristic>
    <code code="101.9(c)(4)" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.149.2"</pre>
          displayName="sodium, mass content"/>
    <value xsi:type="PQ" value="306" unit="mg"/>
  </characteristic>
</subjectOf>
```

Note that Percent Daily Value is not specified explicitly but can be calculated from the reference values given in the regulations (and shown in Table 9).

- 3.5.10.1 Code system is as above
- 3.5.10.2 Code comes from the *Nutrients* list.
- 3.5.10.3 Display name matches the code

- 3.5.10.4 Value type is PQ with a quantity value and unit
- 3.5.10.5 If code is 101.9(b) serving size), then there is a translation with the required "household measure" of code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.149.3.
- 3.5.10.6 If code is 101.9(c)(1) (caloric content, total), then there is zero or one translation specifying the amount in kilojoule (kJ).
- 3.5.10.7 If code is not 101.9(b) or 101.9(c)(1), then there is no translation.

3.6 Summary of Product Data Elements

This concludes the specific data elements recognized about various types of products. The following sections describe specific business processes which may or may not contain the above product data element structures.

4 Drug Labeling and Drug Listing

Drug labeling provides a description of the product and information for its use. Drug listing links registered establishments to specific products.

4.1 Header

4.1.1 Document Type

4.1.1.1 Document types for drug labeling and listing are in the following Table 10:

Table 10: Document Types for Drug Labeling and Listing

Code	Display Name	FDA Center
53409-9	BULK INGREDIENT	CDER
60684-8	CELLULAR THERAPY	CBER
34390-5	HUMAN OTC DRUG LABEL	CDER
34391-3	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG LABEL	CDER
75031-5	Human Compounded Drug Label	CDER
53407-3	LICENSE BLOOD INTERMEDIATES/PASTE LABEL	CBER
53408-1	LICENSED MINIMALLY MANIPULATED CELLS LABEL	CBER
53406-5	LICENSED VACCINE BULK INTERMEDIATE LABEL	CBER
55439-4	MEDICAL DEVICE	CDRH
58475-5	MEDICAL FOOD<	CFSAN
53405-7	NON-STANDARDIZED ALLERGENIC LABEL	CBER
50577-6	OTC ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
69403-4	OTC MEDICAL DEVICE LABEL	CDRH
50576-8	OTC TYPE A MEDICATED ARTICLE ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
50574-3	OTC TYPE B MEDICATED FEED ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
50573-5	OTC TYPE C MEDICATED FEED ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
60683-0	PLASMA DERIVATIVE	CBER
50578-4	PRESCRIPTION ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM

69404-2	PRESCRIPTION MEDICAL DEVICE LABEL	CDRH
60682-2	STANDARDIZED ALLERGENIC	CBER
53404-0	VACCINE LABEL	CBER
50575-0	VFD TYPE A MEDICATED ARTICLE ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
50572-7	VFD TYPE B MEDICATED FEED ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM
50571-9	VFD TYPE C MEDICATED FEED ANIMAL DRUG LABEL	CVM

- 4.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.
- 4.1.1.3 If active ingredient code is on the list of active ingredients approved for vaccines, then the document type code is 53404-0 (Vaccine Label).
- 4.1.1.4 If the product type "changes" from Human Prescription Drug (34391-3) to Human OTC Drug (34390-5), then submit a new listing file with new NDC codes for the OTC drug.

4.1.2 Labeler information

Validation Procedures

- 4.1.2.1 There is one labeler
- 4.1.2.2 There is one id, the labeler's DUNS number, and name is as in Section 2.1.5.
- 4.1.2.3 The set id is not associated with any top level product with a different NDC Labeler Prefix
- 4.1.2.4 There is no other element besides id (the labeler's DUNS Number,) name and registrant.

4.1.3 Registrant information

```
<assignedOrganization>
  <id extension="100000008" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
  <name>Acme drug company</name>
```

- 4.1.3.1 There may be registrant information
- 4.1.3.2 If there is a registrant, then there is one id, (the registrants's DUNS number) and a name as in Section 2.1.5.
- 4.1.3.3 There is no other element besides registrant's id, registrant's name and establishments.

4.1.4 Establishment information

```
<document>
  <author>
     <assignedEntity>
         <representedOrganization> <!-- Labeler -->
            <assignedEntity>
               <assignedOrganization> <!-- Registrant -->
<assignedEntity>
  <confidentialityCode code="B" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"/>
  <assignedOrganization> <!-- Establishment -->
     <id extension="1000000019" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
      <name>Middleton Manufacturing company/name>
  </assignedOrganization>
  <performance>
     <actDefinition>
         <code code="C43360"</pre>
               codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
               displayName="manufacture"/>
```

- 4.1.4.1 If the marketing status code for any of the products that is or includes a drug is **not** *completed*, then there are one or more establishments.
- 4.1.4.2 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then there is only one establishment.
- 4.1.4.3 There is one id (the DUNS number) and name is as in Section 2.1.5.
- 4.1.4.4 id is not used for other establishments in the file
- 4.1.4.5 Establishment ("assignedOrganization") has no other element besides id (the DUNS Number) and name.

- 4.1.4.6 The establishment id matches an establishment with same id (the DUNS Number) submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year
- 4.1.4.7 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5), then manufacturer's DUNS Number and name should be same as Labeler's DUNS/Name.
- 4.1.4.8 There are one or more business operations.
- 4.1.4.9 Act definition display business operation name matches corresponding business operation code
- 4.1.4.10 The code comes from the business operations list except for import (C73599) and united states agent (C73330) and distributes drug products under own private label (C73608)
- 4.1.4.11 Act definition code (business operation code) matches business operation code for an establishment with same id previously submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year
- 4.1.4.12 If any of the products without a marketing completion date in a Prescription Animal Drug (50578-4), OTC Animal Drug (50577-6) or Animal Medicated Article or Medicated Feed (50576-8, 50574-3, 50573-5, 50575-0, 50572-7, 50571-9) listing has establishments with operations of manufacture (C43360) and also relabel (C73607), or repack (C73606), then there is no product source.
- 4.1.4.13 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then establishment's business operation is Human drug compounding outsourcing facility (C112113).
- 4.1.4.14 If there is any product that is or includes a drug and has no marketing completion date and no product source, then at least one establishment with a manufacture operation is included such as API manufacture (C82401), manufacture (C43360), or positron emission tomography drug production (C91403).
- 4.1.4.15 If in a Prescription Animal Drug (50578-4), OTC Animal Drug (50577-6) or Animal Medicated Article or Medicated Feed (50576-8, 50574-3, 50573-5, 50575-0, 50572-7, 50571-9) listing there is a product without a marketing completion date, with an active ingredient other than those in the designated medical gas validation list, and without product source, then one or more establishments with operation of API manufacture (C82401) are included.

4.1.5 Business Operation Product

The following example shows how the business operations are specified for particular products. It is done by replicating the business operation (actDefinition) elements, and connecting each with one product as shown below:

```
<document>
  <author>
    <assignedEntity><representedOrganization> <!-- Labeler -->
   <assignedEntity><assignedOrganization> <!-- Registrant -->
          <assignedEntity><assignedOrganization/> <!-- Establishment -->
<performance><actDefinition>
 <code code="C43360" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
        displayName="manufacture"/>
  <manufacturedProduct classCode="MANU"><manufacturedMaterialKind>
    <code code="0123-12345" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
  </manufacturedMaterialKind></manufacturedProduct></product>
</actDefinition></performance>
<performance><actDefinition>
  <code code="C43360" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
        displayName="manufacture"/>
  <manufacturedProduct classCode="MANU"><manufacturedMaterialKind>
    <code code="0123-12348" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 4.1.5.1 Each product link (NDC product code) has a code referencing a NDC product code in the document.
- 4.1.5.2 If the document type is Bulk Ingredient, Human OTC Drug Label or Human Prescription Drug Label, then there is one operation-product link for each business operation (actDefinition) and those act definition elements are replicated for each product to which such business operation applies.
- 4.1.5.3 If the document type is: regulated by CDRH, CFSAN, or CVM, then there is no operation-product link. (NDC product code-to-establishment-business operation data relationship)
- 4.1.5.4 If the document type is: regulated by CBER, then the operation-product link is optional. (NDC product code-to-establishment-business-operation data relationship)

4.2 Body

4.2.1 Required Sections

Validation Procedures

4.2.1.1 The document body contains two or more sections

- 4.2.1.2 One section contains the product data elements
- 4.2.1.3 With the exception of inner components of kits, for each product there is a representative sample image of a carton/container label in a major SPL section with section heading "Package.Label Principal Display Panel" (51945-4), except for Positron Emission Tomography drug products. and Non-Standardized Allergenic Extracts.
- 4.2.1.4 If the document type is Non-Standardized Allergenic, there is at least one carton/container label in a major SPL section with section heading "Package.Label Principal Display Panel" (51945-4) in the SPL file.
- 4.2.1.5 If the document type is *Human Prescription Drug Label* (34391-3) or *Prescription Animal Drug Label* (50578-4), then there is at least one other content of labeling section besides those with the codes 48780-1 and 51945-4, except if there is no marketing category code other than C73626 (bulk ingredient), C94795 (drug for further processing), C73613 (unapproved medical gas), C95600 (approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), C95601 (OTC monograph drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), C95602 (unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), C96793 (bulk ingredient for human prescription compounding) or C98252 (bulk ingredient for animal drug compounding), or there is no active ingredient other than those in the designated medical gas validation list.
- 4.2.1.6 If the document type is Human Compounded Drug Label (75031-5) then there are content of labeling sections with the codes 48780-1 and 51945-4.
- 4.2.1.7 If the approval number is in the medication guide validation list and the marketing category is not C95600 (Approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor), then there is such a Medication Guide section (42231-1).
- 4.2.1.8 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is an OTC-active ingredient section (55106-9).
- 4.2.1.9 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is an OTC Purpose section (55105-1).

- 4.2.1.10 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is an OTC keep out of reach of children section (50565-1).
- 4.2.1.11 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is an Indications & usage section (34067-9).
- 4.2.1.12 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is a Warnings section (34071-1).
- 4.2.1.13 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is a Dosage & administration section (34068-7).
- 4.2.1.14 If the document type is 34390-5 (Human OTC drug label) and the marketing category code is not C95601 or C95600 (OTC monograph or approved drug product manufactured exclusively for private label distributor) or C95602 (Unapproved drug product manufactured exclusively for a private label distributor) and the citation is not part352 (sunscreens), then there is an Inactive ingredient section (51727-6).
- 4.2.1.15 If the marketing category is "unapproved drug for use in drug shortage" (C101533), the Health Care Provider Letter Section (71744-7) is present.

5 NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request

5.1 Header

5.1.1 Document type

- 5.1.1.1 Document code is NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request (51726-8), NDC Labeler Code Request Animal Drug (72871-7), or NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6)
- 5.1.1.2 There is no title
- 5.1.1.3 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is an NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request (51726-8) or NDC Labeler Code Request Animal Drug (72871-7), or NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6).
- 5.1.1.4 If the document is an NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6), then an NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request (51726-8) or NDC Labeler Code Request
 Animal Drug (72871-7) document with the same set id has been previously submitted
- 5.1.1.5 If the document is an NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6), then there is no labeler information.

5.1.2 Labeler information

- 5.1.2.1 If the document is an NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request (51726-8) or NDC Labeler Code Request Animal Drug (72871-7), then there is a labeler organization.
- 5.1.2.2 There are two ids (NDC/NHRIC labeler code and DUNS Number) (except for an initial labeler code request, which should be submitted with only one id (DUNS Number.))
- 5.1.2.3 One id, the DUNS number, and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 5.1.2.4 One id has the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 and an extension (except for an initial labeler code request, which should be submitted without this id (NDC/NHRIC labeler code.))
- 5.1.2.5 There is no id root besides 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1 and 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69

- 5.1.2.6 The id(NDC/NHRIC labeler code) with the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 is not associated with any other document of type "NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code request" or "NDC Labeler Code Request Animal Drug" with a different set id
- 5.1.2.7 The set id is not associated with any other id(NDC/NHRIC labeler code) with root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69
- 5.1.2.8 The id extension(NDC/NHRIC labeler code) with the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 has 4 or 5 digits
- 5.1.2.9 The id extension(NDC/NHRIC labeler code) with the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69 with 5 digits does not have a leading zero
- 5.1.2.10 The labeler code (id extension with the root 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69) is not (0)0000, (0)0001, (0)1500, (0)1800 or (0)1900.
- 5.1.2.11 There is one contact party

5.1.3 Labeler Detail Information

To describe details of a labeler such as physical address, US agent, and business operations the following structure is added

The format is similar to the Establishment description. The only difference is that there is only one such "Establishment" with the same DUNS number and name as the Labeler.

Validation Procedures

5.1.3.1 If the document is not a NDC/NHRIC Labeler Code Request (51726-8), then there is no labeler detail information.

- 5.1.3.2 Labeler detail information has no registrant information and exactly one "Establishment"
- 5.1.3.3 Labeler detail information has exactly one "Establishment"
- 5.1.3.4 There is one id.
- 5.1.3.5 Id (DUNS Number) has the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1
- 5.1.3.6 Id (DUNS Number) is the same as the id of the labeler organization.
- 5.1.3.7 Name is the same as the name of the labeler organization.
- 5.1.3.8 Labeler detail information has an address as in Section 2.1.6.
- 5.1.3.9 There are no further elements besides the id, name, addr, and Labeler US Agent on this level.

5.1.4 Labeler US Agent

```
<document>
  <author>
   <assignedEntity>
     <representedOrganization>
       <id extension="100000002" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
        <id extension="0001" root="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
        <name>Mann's drug Store</name>
        <contactParty>...</contactParty>
        <assignedEntity>
          <assignedOrganization>
            <assignedEntity>
              <assignedOrganization>
                <id extension="100000002" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
                <assignedEntity>
                  <assignedOrganization> <!-- labeler US agent -->
                     <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
                     <name>Simmons Reps Company</name>
                     <telecom value="tel:+1-800-555-1212"/>
                     <telecom value="mailto:contact@USagent.com"/>
                 </assignedOrganization>
                 <performance>
                   <actDefinition>
                     <code code="C73330" displayName="United States agent"</pre>
                           codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
```

- 5.1.4.1 If the country for the labeler is not "USA", then there is one US agent
- 5.1.4.2 US agent is as defined in Section 6.1.4.

5.1.5 Labeler Operation

To describe the activity of a labeler with business operations the following structure is added.

```
<document>
  <author>
    <assignedEntity>
      <representedOrganization>
        <id extension="100000002" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
        <id extension="0001" root="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
        <name>Mann's drug Store</name>
        <contactParty>...</contactParty>
        <assignedEntity>
          <assignedOrganization>
            <assignedEntity>
              <assignedOrganization>
                <id extension="100000002" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
              <assignedOrganization>
              <performance>
                <actDefinition>
                  <code code="C43360" displayName="manufacture"</pre>
                        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
                    <approval>
                      <code code="C106643" displayName="Manufactures human</pre>
prescription drug products"
                        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
                    </approval>
                  </subjectOf>
                </actDefinition>
```

- 5.1.5.1 There are one or more labeler operation details (performance act definitions).
- 5.1.5.2 Each performance act definition (business operation) has one code.
- 5.1.5.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 5.1.5.4 Display name matches the code
- 5.1.5.5 The code comes from the business operations list except for *import* (C73599) and *united states agent* (C73330).
- 5.1.5.6 Each business operation code is mentioned only once.
- 5.1.5.7 There is one or more business operation qualifier.
- 5.1.5.8 Business operation qualifier has one code.
- 5.1.5.9 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1

- 5.1.5.10 Display name matches the code
- 5.1.5.11 If the business operation is *manufacture* (C43360), the business operation qualifier is *manufactures human prescription drug products* (C106643) and/or *manufactures human over-the-counter drug products* (C106645).
- 5.1.5.12 If the business operation is *distributes drug products under own private label* (C73608), the business operation qualifier is *distributes human prescription drug products* (C111077) and/or *distributes human over-the-counter drug products* (C111078.)

5.1.6 FDA Initiated Labeler Code Inactivation

```
<document>
  <legalAuthenticator>
    <assignedEntity>
    <representedOrganization>
```

- 5.1.6.1 If the document is an FDA-initiated NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6) or an FDA initiated NDC Labeler Code Re-Activation, then the proper legalAuthenticator element is included.
- 5.1.6.2 One id is a DUNS number with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1
- 5.1.6.3 The id with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1 (DUNS number) has a 9-digit extension
- 5.1.6.4 The proper FDA id is provided.
- 5.1.6.5 The proper FDA name is provided.
- 5.1.6.6 If the the most recent document of this setId was an NDC Labeler Code Inactivation (69968-6), then an FDA-Initiated NDC Labeler Code (51726-8) SPL file with <legalAuthenticator> element has been submitted before NDC Labeler Code (51726-8) SPL file can be submitted by the labeler.

5.2 Body - Empty

Use an empty document body:

```
<document>
  <component>
    <structuredBody/>
```

or

```
<document>
  <component>
     <nonXMLBody>
        <text/>
```

5.2.1.1 The document body is empty

6 Establishment registration

Establishment registrations have only header information with a single registrant organization and one or more registered establishments. Aside from the proper *Establishment Registration* document type, two other document types can be used for establishment registration submissions, i.e., the *No Change Notification*, and the *Establishment Deregistration*.

6.1 Header

6.1.1 Document type

```
<document>
    <code code="51725-0"
        codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"
        displayName="Establishment registration"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 6.1.1.1 Document type is "Establishment registration" (51725-0), "Establishment De-Registration" (70097-1), or "No change notification" (53410-7)
- 6.1.1.2 The effective time year matches the current year.
- 6.1.1.3 There is no title
- 6.1.1.4 For a No change notification (53410-7) or Establishment De-Registration (70097-1), an Establishment Registration (51725-0) with the same set id has been previously submitted with information about your establishment(s.)
- 6.1.1.5 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is an Establishment Registration (51725-0), Establishment De-Registration (70097-1), No change notification (53410-7), or Out of Business Notification (53411-5).

6.1.2 Registrant information

```
<document>
    <author>
    <assignedEntity>
        <representedOrganization>
        <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
        <assignedEntity>
```

```
<assignedOrganization> <!-- registrant -->
    <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
    <name>Acme drug company</name>
    <contactParty>
```

- 6.1.2.1 If the document type is "No change notification" or "Establishment De-Registration", then there is no registrant information.
- 6.1.2.2 If the document type is "Establishment registration", then there is registrant information.
- 6.1.2.3 There is one id, the DUNS number and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 6.1.2.4 id (registrant's DUNS Number) is not associated with any other set id of document type "Establishment registration"
- 6.1.2.5 set id is not associated with any other registrant id(DUNS Number).
- 6.1.2.6 There is one contact party as in 2.1.8.
- 6.1.2.7 Establishment registration has no labeler information (no validation rules defined for it.)

6.1.3 Establishment Information

```
<document>
 <author>
   <assignedEntity>
      <representedOrganization>
        <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
         <assignedEntity>
           <assignedOrganization> <!-- registrant -->
             <assignedEntity>
<assignedOrganization> <!-- establishment -->
 <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
 <id extension="123456" root="2.16.840.1.113883.4.82"/>
 <name>Middleton Manufacturing company</name>
   <streetAddressLine>123 Burl Road/streetAddressLine>
   <city>Dublin</city>
   <country code="IRL" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">Ireland</country>
 </addr>
  <contactParty>
```

Validation Procedures

6.1.3.1 If the document type is "establishment registration", then there are one or more establishments.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - 6.1.3.2 If the document type is No change notification (53410-7) or Establishment De-Registration (70097-1), then there is no establishment information.
 - 6.1.3.3 Establishment has one or two id elements, one id, the DUNS number, and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
 - 6.1.3.4 DUNS number is not associated with another establishment in the same SPL file.
 - 6.1.3.5 DUNS number is not associated with any other set id for document type "Establishment registration"
 - 6.1.3.6 The DUNS number along with the establishment name and address information match the DUNS number record in the Dun and Bradstreet database
- 6.1.3.7 If there is a second id then its root is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.82 and the extension (FEI number) is 7 or 10 digits
- 6.1.3.8 Each establishment has an address as in Section 2.1.6.
- 6.1.3.9 There is one contact party as in Section 2.1.8.
- 6.1.3.10 There is no assigned entity other than for US Agent or Import business.

6.1.4 Establishment US agent

```
<document>
 <author>
   <assignedEntity>
     <representedOrganization>
       <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
         <assignedEntity>
           <assignedOrganization> <!-- registrant -->
             <assignedEntity>
<assignedOrganization> <!-- establishment -->
 <addr>
   <country code="IRL" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">Ireland/country>
 </addr>
 <assignedEntity>
   <assignedOrganization> <!-- establishment US agent -->
      <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
      <name>Simmons Reps Company</name>
      <telecom value="tel:+1-800-555-1212"/>
      <telecom value="mailto:contact@USagent.com"/>
   </assignedOrganization>
```

- 6.1.4.1 If the country for the establishment is not "USA", then there is one US agent
- 6.1.4.2 US agent element has code, code system and display name are as above
- 6.1.4.3 If the country for the establishment is "USA", then there is no US agent
- 6.1.4.4 There is one id, the DUNS number and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 6.1.4.5 There is a telephone number and email address.
- 6.1.4.6 The US agent's DUNS number matches the DUNS number record in the Dun and Bradstreet database and show a USA location.

6.1.5 Import business

```
<document>
  <author>
    <assignedEntity>
      <representedOrganization>
        <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
          <assignedEntity>
            <assignedOrganization>
              <assignedEntity> <!-- registrant -->
<assignedOrganization> <!-- establishment -->
    <country code="IRL" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">Ireland/country>
  </addr>
  <assignedEntity>
    <assignedOrganization> <!-- establishment's importer -->
      <id extension="100000005" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
      <name>Waytogo importers</name>
      <telecom value="tel:+1-800-555-1214"/>
      <telecom value="mailto:contact@waytogo.com"/>
    </assignedOrganization>
    <performance>
      <actDefinition>
        <code code="C73599" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
              displayName="import"/>
```

Validation Procedures

6.1.5.1 If the country code for the establishment is not "USA", then there may be one or more import businesses.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 6.1.5.2 Each business has code, code system and display name are as above.
- 6.1.5.3 If the country code for the establishment is USA, then there are no import businesses
- 6.1.5.4 There is one id, the DUNS number and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 6.1.5.5 There is telephone number and email address.

6.1.6 Establishment operation

- 6.1.6.1 There are one or more establishment operation details (performance act definitions).
- 6.1.6.2 Each performance act definition has one code.
- 6.1.6.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 6.1.6.4 Display name matches the code
- 6.1.6.5 The code comes from the business operations list except for import (C73599), united states agent (C73330), distributes drug products under own private label (C73608), api/fdf analytical testing(C101509), clinical bioequivalence or bioavailability study(C101511), fdf manufacture(C101510) and in vitro bioequivalence or bioavailability study(C101511).
- 6.1.6.6 Each business operation code is mentioned only once per establishment.
- 6.1.6.7 There is no product reference.

6.1.7 Business Operation Qualifier

- 6.1.7.1 If the business operation is *Human drug compounding outsourcing facility* (C112113), then there are 2 or 3 operation qualifiers.
- 6.1.7.2 Business operation qualifier has one code.
- 6.1.7.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 6.1.7.4 Display name matches the code
- 6.1.7.5 One of the qualifiers is *I*ntent to compound 506e (drug shortage) drugs (C112087) or *N*o intent to compound 506e (drug dhortage) drugs (C112091).
- 6.1.7.6 One of the qualifiers is Compounding from bulk ingredients (C112092) or Not compounding from bulk ingredients (C112093).
- 6.1.7.7 If one of the business operation qualifiers is compounding from bulk ingredients (C112092), then one of the following business operation qualifiers should be included: Compounding sterile products (C112094), and Not compounding sterile products (C112095).
- 6.1.7.8 If one of the business operation qualifiers is *Not compounding from bulk ingredients* (C112093), then the following business operation qualifiers should not be included: *Compounding sterile products* (C112094), and *Not compounding sterile products* (C112095).
- 6.1.7.9 If the qualifiers Intent to compound 506e (drug shortage) drugs (C112087), No intent to compound 506e (drug dhortage) drugs (C112091), Compounding from bulk ingredients (C112092), Not compounding from bulk ingredients (C112093), Compounding sterile products (C112094), or Not compounding sterile products (C112095), then the operation is *Human drug compounding outsourcing facility* (C112113).
- 6.1.7.10 If the business operation is not Human drug compounding outsourcing facility (C112113), then qualifier is manufactures animal prescription drug products (C114889), manufactures animal over-the-counter drug products (C114891),

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

manufactures animal over-the-counter Type A medicated article drug products (C114892), manufactures human over-the-counter drug products (C106645), manufactures human prescription drug products (C106643), manufactures veterinary feed directive Type A medicated article drug products (C114890).

6.2 Body - Empty

Use an empty document body:

```
<document>
  <component>
  <structuredBody/>
```

or

```
<document>
  <component>
     <nonXMLBody>
          <text/>
```

6.2.1.1 The document body is empty

7 Out of Business Notification

The Out of Business Notification allows de-listing of all the establishments of an Establishment registration.

7.1 Header

7.1.1 Document type

- 7.1.1.1 Document type is "Out of business notification" (53411-5)
- 7.1.1.2 The effective time year matches the current year.
- 7.1.1.3 There is no title
- 7.1.1.4 An Establishment Registration (51725-0) or Identification of CBER-regulated generic drug facility (72090-4) with the same set id has been previously submitted.

- 7.1.1.5 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is an Establishment Registration (51725-0), No change notification (53410-7), or Identification of CBER-regulated generic drug facility (72090-4).
- 7.1.1.6 There is no labeler, registrant, or establishment information.

7.2 Body - Empty

Use an empty document body:

```
<document>
  <component>
    <structuredBody/>
```

or

```
<document>
  <component>
     <nonXMLBody>
          <text/>
```

7.2.1.1 The document body is empty

8 Pharmacologic Class Indexing

8.1 Header

8.1.1 Document type

```
<document>
     <code code="60685-5" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"
          displayName="Indexing - Pharmacologic Class"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 8.1.1.1 Document code is as above
- 8.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.

8.1.2 Author information

Pharmacologic class indexing is maintained by FDA:

```
<author>
  <time/>
  <assignedEntity>
    <representedOrganization>
        <id root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1" extension="927645523"/>
        <name>Food and Drug Administration/name>
```

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

Pharmacologic classes and their hierarchy are maintained by NDF-RT:

```
<author>
  <time/>
  <assignedEntity>
    <representedOrganization>
        <id root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1" extension="926891516"/>
        <name>Department of Veterans Affairs</name>
```

8.1.2.1 Author information for pharmacologic class indexing is as one of the above

8.2 *Body*

Validation Procedures

8.2.1 Pharmacologic Class Indexing Section

- 8.2.1.1 If the document type is 60685-5, then the document contains one SPL Indexing Data Elements section as above.
- 8.2.1.2 Value of effective time is same as value of effective time in document information.

8.2.2 Pharmacologic Class Indexing

- 8.2.2.1 There is one active moiety.
- 8.2.2.2 There is one active moiety code.
- 8.2.2.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 8.2.2.4 Code and code system are the same as the parent element id's extension and root respectively.

- 8.2.2.5 There is one active moiety name
- 8.2.2.6 Active moiety name matches code
- 8.2.2.7 The same active moiety is not described in a pharmacologic class indexing document with a different set id.
- 8.2.2.8 There is no document with the same set id but a different active moiety.
- 8.2.2.9 There are one or more pharmacologic class components

- 8.2.2.10 Under each pharmacologic class component, there is a code
- 8.2.2.11 Code starts with a uppercase N, followed by 10 digits
- 8.2.2.12 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.5
- 8.2.2.13 This is one display name
- 8.2.2.14 Display name matches code and is the formal NDF-RT name with the bracket indicating the kind of concept [EPC, MoA, PE, Chemical/Ingredient]
- 8.2.2.15 If the concept is an External Pharmacologic Class [EPC], there is a name with the preferred FDA name.

8.2.3 Pharmacologic Class Definition

- 8.2.3.1 There are one or more pharmacologic classes.
- 8.2.3.2 There is one code.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 8.2.3.3 The rules for the pharmacologic class code, code system and displayName are as in the respective procedures 8.2.2.11ff
- 8.2.3.4 Code and code system are the same as the parent element id's extension and root respectively.
- 8.2.3.5 There are one or more names
- 8.2.3.6 One name has the use attribute "L" indicating the preferred name.
- 8.2.3.7 If the concept is not an External Pharmacologic Class [EPC], then the name with the use attribute "L" is the same as the displayName.
- 8.2.3.8 There are zero, one or more defining super-classes

- 8.2.3.9 Under each defining super-class there is a code
- 8.2.3.10 The rules for the defining super-class code, code system and displayName are as in the respective procedures 8.2.2.11ff
- 8.2.3.11 There is no other name element.

9 Dietary Supplement Labeling

Dietary supplement labeling provides a description of the product.

9.1 Header

9.1.1 Document Type

- 9.1.1.1 Document types for dietary supplement labeling is 58476-3 FDA product label Dietary supplement.
- 9.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.
- 9.1.1.3 If the product type "changes" from Drug (34391-3, 34390-5) to Dietary Supplement, then submit a new listing file with new NDC codes for the OTC drug.
- 9.1.1.4 The set id is not associated with any top level product with a different Labeler Prefix

9.1.2 Labeler information

Validation Procedures

- 9.1.2.1 There is one labeler
- 9.1.2.2 There is one id, the DUNS number, and name is as in Section 2.1.5.
- 9.1.2.3 There is no other element besides id, name and registrant.

9.1.3 Registrant information

Validation Procedures

- 9.1.3.1 There may be registrant information
- 9.1.3.2 If there is a registrant, then there is one id, (the DUNS number) and a name as in Section 2.1.5.
- 9.1.3.3 There is no other element besides id, name and establishments.

9.2 *Body*

9.2.1 Required Sections

- 9.2.1.1 The document body contains three or more sections
- 9.2.1.2 One section contains the product data elements

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 9.2.1.3 There is a section with the code 51945-4 (principal display panel) with an image of the carton/container label including the Supplement Facts.
- 9.2.1.4 There is one section with the code 69718-5 (Statement of Identity section).
- 9.2.1.5 Aside from product data elements (48780-1), principal display panel (51945-4) and Statement of Identity (69718-5) sections, there are only sections with the code 69719-3 (Health Claim section), 34071-1 (Warning section) for the warning statement, 42232-9 (Precaution section) for the notice statement, 50741-8 (Safe Handling Warning Section) for the safe handling statement and 34068-7 (Dosage & Administration section).

10 Medical Food Labeling

Medical Food labeling provides a description of the product.

10.1 Header

10.1.1 Document Type

- 10.1.1.1 Document types for Medical Food labeling is 58475-5 FDA product label Medical Food.
- 10.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.

10.1.2 Labeler information

- 10.1.2.1 There is one labeler
- 10.1.2.2 There is one id, the DUNS number, and name is as in Section 2.1.5.
- 10.1.2.3 The set id is not associated with any top level product with a different Labeler Prefix
- 10.1.2.4 There is no other element besides id, name and registrant.

10.1.3 Registrant information

Validation Procedures

- 10.1.3.1 There may be registrant information
- 10.1.3.2 If there is a registrant, then there is one id, (the DUNS number) and a name as in Section 2.1.5.
- 10.1.3.3 There is no other element besides id, name and establishments.

10.1.4 Establishment information

```
<document>
  <author>
     <assignedEntity>
         <representedOrganization> <!-- Labeler -->
            <assignedEntity>
                <assignedOrganization> <!-- Registrant -->
<assignedEntity>
  <confidentialityCode code="B" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.25"/>
  <assignedOrganization> <!-- Establishment -->
     <id extension="1000000019" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
      <name>Middleton Manufacturing company/name>
  </assignedOrganization>
  <performance>
     <actDefinition>
         <code code="C43360"</pre>
                codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
                displayName="manufacture"/>
```

- 10.1.4.1 If the marketing status code for any of the products is **not** *completed*, then there are one or more establishments.
- 10.1.4.2 There is one id (the DUNS number) and name is as in Section 2.1.5.
- 10.1.4.3 id is not used for other establishments in the file

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - 10.1.4.4 The establishment id matches an establishment with same id submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year.
 - 10.1.4.5 Establishment ("assignedOrganization") has no other element besides id and name.
 - 10.1.4.6 There are one or more business operations.
 - 10.1.4.7 Act definition display name matches code
 - 10.1.4.8 The code comes from the business operations list except for import (C73599), united states agent (C73330) and distributes drug products under own private label (C73608)
 - 10.1.4.9 Act definition code matches code for an establishment with same id previously submitted in documents of type "establishment registration"

10.2 Body

10.2.1 Required Sections

Validation Procedures

- 10.2.1.1 The document body contains two or more sections
- 10.2.1.2 One section contains the product data elements
- 10.2.1.3 There is a section with the code 51945-4 (principal display panel) with an image of the carton/container label.

11 Medical Device Labeling

11.1 Header

11.1.1 Document Type

- 11.1.1.1 Document types is 69403-4 FDA product label OTC Medical Device or 69404-2 FDA product label Prescription Medical Device.
- 11.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.

11.1.2 Labeler information

```
<document>
  <code code="..." codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"</pre>
         displayName="..."/>
<author>
<assignedEntity>
  <representedOrganization>
    <id extension="100000007" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
    <name>Acme drug company</name>
    <contactParty>
      <addr>
        <streetAddressLine>1625 29th street/streetAddressLine>
        <city>Camden</city>
        <state>NJ</state> <postalCode>08101</postalCode>
        <country code="USA" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">USA</country>
      <telecom value="tel:+1-800-555-1213;ext=112"/>
      <telecom value="mailto:Bob.Jones@acme.com"/>
      <contactPerson>
        <name>Bob Jones</name>
      </contactPerson>
    </contactParty>
```

Validation Procedures

- 11.1.2.1 There is one labeler
- 11.1.2.2 There is one DUNS number and name.
- 11.1.2.3 There are no other elements.

11.2 Body

11.2.1 Required Sections

Validation Procedures

- 11.2.1.1 The document body contains three or more sections
- 11.2.1.2 One section contains the product data elements
- 11.2.1.3 There is a section with the code 51945-4 (principal display panel) with an image of the carton/container label.

12 Billing Unit Indexing

This document links the NDC for a marketed drug product with the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) standard billing unit.

12.1 Header

12.1.1 Document Type

Validation Procedures

- 12.1.1.1 The code for the document type is 71446-9 (Indexing Billing Unit)
- 12.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type

12.1.2 Author

Validation Procedures

- 12.1.2.1 The author is the "National Council for Prescription Drug Programs"
- 12.1.2.2 The DUNS Number for the author is 021660014
- 12.1.2.3 There are no other author elements than id and name.

12.2 Body

12.2.1 Indexing Section

- 12.2.1.1 If the document type is 71446-9, then the document contains one SPL Indexing Data Elements section as above.
- 12.2.1.2 Value of effective time is same as value of effective time in document information.

12.2.2 NDC

Validation Procedures

- 12.2.2.1 There is an NDC package code inside an otherwise empty container element inside an otherwise empty manufactured product element.
- 12.2.2.2 NDC contains three segments divided by hyphens
- 12.2.2.3 Code system for NDC is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69
- 12.2.2.4 The NDC matches an NDC contained in a listing / labeling document previously submitted.
- 12.2.2.5 The NDC is not associated with another set id with the document type Indexing Billing Unit

12.2.3 Billing Unit

```
<section>
  <subject>
    <manufacturedProduct>
      <manufacturedProduct>
        <asContent>
          <containerPackagedProduct>
            <code code="NDC Package Code"
                  codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
          </containerPackagedProduct>
          <subjectOf>
            <characteristic>
              <code code="NCPDPBILLINGUNIT"</pre>
                    codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.1.11.19255"/>
              <value xsi:type="CV"</pre>
                     code="Billing Unit Code"
                     codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.2.13" xsi:type="CE"/>
```

- 12.2.3.1 There is one billing unit code value
- 12.2.3.2 Billing unit value is "GM", "ML" or "EA"
- 12.2.3.3 Code system for billing unit is 2.16.840.1.113883.2.13

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - 12.2.3.4 There are no other package data elements
 - 12.2.3.5 There are no other product data elements.

13 Generic User Fee Facility Self-Identification

Generic user fee facility self-identification has only header information with a single registrant organization and one or more self-identified facilitys.

13.1 Header

13.1.1 Document type

```
<document>
  <code code="72090-4" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"
    displayName="Identification of CBER-regulated generic drug facility"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 13.1.1.1 Document type is "Identification of CBER-regulated generic drug facility" (72090-4) or "Generic Drug Facility Identification Submission" (71743-9).
- 13.1.1.2 The effective time year matches the current year.
- 13.1.1.3 There is no title
- 13.1.1.4 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.
- 13.1.1.5 Documents of type "Generic Drug Facility Identification Submission" (71743-9) are not submitted via the OC submission folder or the listed errors below need be corrected. (Contact CDEReFacility@fda.hhs.gov for any questions.)

13.1.2 Registrant information

```
<document>
    <author>
    <assignedEntity>
        <representedOrganization>
        <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
        <assignedEntity>
```

```
<assignedOrganization> <!-- registrant -->
 <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
 <name>Green Clover Fine Drugs
 <contactParty>
   <addr>
     <streetAddressLine>1625 29th street/streetAddressLine>
     <city>Dublin</city>
     <country code="IRL" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">Ireland</country>
   </addr>
   <telecom value="tel:+353-12-551213"/>
   <telecom value="mailto:jmcfadden@greenclover.com"/>
   <telecom value="fax:+353-12-551214"/>
   <contactPerson>
     <name>Julie McFadden</name>
   </contactPerson>
 </contactParty>
```

- 13.1.2.1 There is registrant information.
- 13.1.2.2 There is one id, the DUNS number and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 13.1.2.3 id is not associated with any other set id of the same document type.
- 13.1.2.4 set id is not associated with any other registrant id of the same document type.
- 13.1.2.5 There is one contact party as in 2.1.8.
- 13.1.2.6 GDUFA facility identification submission has no labeler information.

13.1.3 Facility Information

```
<document>
  <author>
   <assignedEntity>
     <representedOrganization>
       <!-- manufacturer, may be pass-through -->
         <assignedEntity>
            <assignedOrganization> <!-- registrant -->
              <assignedEntity>
<assignedOrganization> <!-- facility -->
 <id extension="100000001" root="1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1"/>
 <id extension="123456" root="2.16.840.1.113883.4.82"/>
 <name>Middleton Manufacturing company</name>
 <addr>
   <streetAddressLine>123 Burl Road/streetAddressLine>
   <city>Dublin</city>
   <country code="IRL" codeSystem="1.0.3166.1.2.3">Ireland</country>
  </addr>
```

- 13.1.3.1 There are one or more facilities:
- 13.1.3.2 Facilities have two id elements, one id, the DUNS number, and name are as in Section 2.1.5.
- 13.1.3.3 DUNS number is not associated with another facility in the same SPL file.
- 13.1.3.4 DUNS number is not associated with any other set id of the same document type.
- 13.1.3.5 The DUNS number along with the facility name and address information match the DUNS number record in the Dun and Bradstreet database
- 13.1.3.6 There is a second id, the FEI with root 2.16.840.1.113883.4.82 and 7 or 10 digit extension.
- 13.1.3.7 Each facility has an address as in Section 2.1.6.
- 13.1.3.8 There is one contact party as in Section 2.1.8.
- 13.1.3.9 There is no further assigned entity.

13.1.4 Facility operation

- 13.1.4.1 There are one or more facility operation details (performance act definitions).
- 13.1.4.2 Each performance act definition has one code.
- 13.1.4.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 13.1.4.4 Display name matches the code
- 13.1.4.5 The code comes from the business operations list.
- 13.1.4.6 The business operation code is one of the following: API Manufacture (C82401), FDF Manufacture (C101510), Positron Emission Tomography Drug Production (C91403), Clinical Bioequivalence or Bioavailability Study (C101511), In Vitro Bioequivalence or Bioavailability Study (C101511), API/FDF Analytical Testing (C101509), Pack (C84731), and Repack (C73606).
- 13.1.4.7 Each business operation code and qualifier or application number is mentioned only once per facility.

13.1.5 Business Operation Qualifier

All facilities submitted in an Identification of CBER-regulated generic drug facility submission are implicitly engaged in the production of generic drugs. A "nongeneric qualifier" can be used to mark these facilities as *also* engaged in the production of non-generic (brand, innovator) drugs:

- 13.1.5.1 There is zero or one business operation qualifier or application number.
- 13.1.5.2 Qualifier has one code.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
- 13.1.5.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 13.1.5.4 Display name matches the code
- 13.1.5.5 The code is *Manufactures Non-Generics* (C101886)

13.1.6 Marketing Category and Application Number

The marketing category and application number under which the facility operates may be specified under business operation as follows:

```
<performance>
  <actDefinition>
<subjectOf>
 <approval>
   <id extension="NDA123456"</pre>
       root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.150"/>
   <code code="C73594"</pre>
          codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"
          displayName="NDA"/>
   <author>
      <territorialAuthority>
        <territory>
          <code code="USA" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.28"/>
        </territory>
      </territorialAuthority>
    </author>
  </approval>
</subjectOf>
```

Validation Procedures

- 13.1.6.1 There may be an application number and marketing category specified instead of the business operation qualifier
- 13.1.6.2 There is a marketing category code ANDA (C73584).
- 13.1.6.3 The general rules for marketing category and application numbers apply.

13.2 Body - Empty

Use an empty document body:

```
<document>
  <component>
   <structuredBody/>
```

or

```
<document>
  <component>
     <nonXMLBody>
        <text/>
```

13.2.1.1 The document body is empty

14 Substance Indexing

14.1 Header

14.1.1 Document type

```
<document>
    <code code="64124-1" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"
         displayName="Indexing - Substance"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 14.1.1.1 Document code is as above
- 14.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.
- 14.1.1.3 There is an author.

14.1.2 Author information

Substance indexing is maintained by 2 authorized FDA staff members, the primary author who prepares the document (revision) and a second verifier who reviews it prior to becoming publishable.

Validation Procedures

14.1.2.1 Author organization is FDA

14.2 Body

Validation Procedures

14.2.1 Substance Indexing Section

- 14.2.1.1 If the document type is 64124-1, then the document contains one SPL Indexing Data Elements section as above.
- 14.2.1.2 Value of effective time is same as value of effective time in document information.

14.2.2 Substance Indexing – Substance Identification

```
<section>
    <subject>

<identifiedSubstance>
    <id extension="P88XT4IS4D" root="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
    <identifiedSubstance>
        <code code="P88XT4IS4D" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
        <name>paclitaxel</name>
```

- 14.2.2.1 There is one substance.
- 14.2.2.2 There is one substance code.
- 14.2.2.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 14.2.2.4 Code and code system are the same as the parent element id's extension and root respectively.
- 14.2.2.5 There may be one substance name.
- 14.2.2.6 If a substance indexing file with the same code has previously been submitted, then the name is not different.
- 14.2.2.7 The same substance is not described in a substance indexing document with a different set id.

14.2.2.8 There is no document with the same set id but a different substance.

14.2.3 Substance Name Detail

Every name, including the primary name, is described in detail in the substance name detail structure:

Validation Procedures

- 14.2.3.1 If there is a name, then there is one or more name detail elements ("asNamedEntity")
- 14.2.3.2 Name detail has a code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1 and code specifying the type of name as either "primary name" (C43707) or "display name" (C43682, sometimes called an alternative "listing name").
- 14.2.3.3 Name detail has a name element with the name.

14.2.4 Substance Code Mappings – Equivalence

Equivalence mappings declare that the substance is considered equivalent with another description of the substance in a different system.

- 14.2.4.1 There is one or more equivalent substance references.
- 14.2.4.2 Reference has a code and code system.
- 14.2.4.3 One of the equivalent substance references is the definition hash code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.2705.
- 14.2.4.4 Code consists of 32 hexadecimal digits in lower case grouped in 8-4-4-12 digits separated by hyphens.

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

- 14.2.4.5 Definition hash code is not associated with a different substance indexing set id.
- 14.2.4.6 If a prior version of this set id exists, the definition hash code is the same.

14.2.5 Substance Mapping – Classification [DRAFT]

Validation Procedures

- 14.2.5.1 There may be a reference to a class
- 14.2.5.2 Referenced has a code and code system.

14.2.6 Structural Unit

The structure is associated with one moiety, where in HL7 the notion of "moiety" is used as defined by the IUPAC Gold Book, which is the authority of international chemical nomenclature, and can be paraphrased as any sub-structure of the compound. We may also paraphrase "moiety" for the purpose presented here as "structural unit". As a matter of convention, every structural unit shall be presented in one moiety.

```
<identifiedSubstance>
  <!-- ... -->
  <identifiedSubstance>
    <!-- ... -->
    <moietv>
      <code code="C103243" displayName="mixture component"</pre>
            codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
      <quantity>
        <numerator value="1" unit="1"/>
        <denominator value="1" unit="1"/>
      </quantity>
      <partMoiety>
        <code code="ABC123XYZ9" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
      </partMoiety>
      <subjectOf>
        <characteristic>
          <code code="C103240" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
                displayName="Chemical Structure"/>
```

In simple chemicals that are defined based on a simple structure in a single structural unit, there would be no need to insert a <moiety> element to represent that structural unit separate from the substance itself. However, the advantage of this convention is

that it leads to a uniformity of representation. All structurally defined substances have one or more structural units (moieties.)

The partMoiety element is often empty

except if the moiety itself is also defined as a substance of its own, which occurs if there is only one moiety which is then in fact the same thing as the entire identified substance:

Also note that in this case of only one structural unit, there is no moiety code "mixture component".

Moieties may also occur nested in other moieties

```
<moiety>
  <partMoiety>
  <moiety>
```

Moieties have a quantity, with numerator and denominator specifying how much of the part moiety is in the substance.

```
<moiety>
  <quantity>
   <numerator value="1" unit="1"/>
   <denominator value="1" unit="1"/>
   </quantity>
  <partMoiety>
```

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

The moiety quantity can be by number of parts (unit="1"), or amount of substance (unit="mol"), or – sometimes – by mass (unit="g").

The numerator may be an uncertain range:

Validation Procedures

- 14.2.6.1 There may be one or more moieties
- 14.2.6.2 If this is a nested moiety, there is a code
- 14.2.6.3 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 14.2.6.4 There is a quantity with numerator and denominator
- 14.2.6.5 Numerator and Denominator have the same units
- 14.2.6.6 Unit may be one of 1, mol, or g.
- 14.2.6.7 If the denominator unit is 1, then the denominator value is 1.
- 14.2.6.8 If this is the only moiety of the substance, then the there is a UNII code that is the same as that substance:
- 14.2.6.9 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 14.2.6.10 There is no name:

14.2.7 Chemical Structure

Chemical structure is described as a characteristic of the structural unit and represented as MOLFILE and InChi.

Known structural representation types are:

Table 11: Structural Represenntation Type

Туре	MIME Media Type
InCHI	application/x-inchi
MOLFILE	application/x-mdl-molfile
SMILES	application/x-smiles
CHIME	application/x-mdl-chime
Amino Acid Letter Sequence	application/x-aa-seq
DNA Sequence	application/x-dna-seq
RNA Sequence	application/x-rna-seq

For example, MOLFILE data is conveyed as follows:

```
<moiety>
    <partMoiety><!-- Moiety Details --></partMoiety>
    <subjectOf>
     <characteristic>
       <code code="C103240" displayName="Chemical Structure"</pre>
           codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
       <value xsi:type="ED"</pre>
            mediaType="application/x-mdl-molfile">
38 38 0
        1 0 0 0 0 0999 V2000
  4.2690
         1.2220
                0.0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  2.5369 -1.7780 0.0000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.0010 2.2220 0.0000 N 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.8671 2.7220 0.0000 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  6.0010 1.2220 0.0000 C 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
  5.1350 0.7220 0.0000 C 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 1 7 1 0 0 0 0
 1 33 1 0 0 0 0
 2 15 1 0 0 0
 2 37
     1
       0 0 0
 3 17
     1 0 0 0
M END</value>
```

InChi representation is conveyed as:

and InChi Key:

Validation Procedures

- 14.2.7.1 There are one or more structure representations or sub-moieties.
- 14.2.7.2 Code for structure representation is C103240 and code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 14.2.7.3 There is a value is of type ED with media type.
- 14.2.7.4 Media type is in "application/x-mdl-molfile", "application/x-smiles", "application/x-inchi" or "application/x-inchi-key".
- 14.2.7.5 Value contains text formatted according to the declared structure representation.
- 14.2.7.6 There are no other characteristics for structural units.

14.2.8 Optical Activity

When stereochemistry can not be specified specifically in the Chemical Structure, the Optical Activity may be specified for the overall substance as follows:

- 14.2.8.1 Code for optical activity is C103201 and code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 14.2.8.2 There is a coded value (type CV).
- 14.2.8.3 Value code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 14.2.8.4 Value code is "C103202" (plus), "C103203" (minus), or "C103204" (plus/minus).

14.2.9 Completeness of Definition [DRAFT]

To specify that the definition of the substance is incomplete, add the following characteristic:

Validation Procedures

- 14.2.9.1 Code for optical completeness of definition characteristic is C49160 and code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1.
- 14.2.9.2 There is no value.

15 Indexing - Product Concept

15.1 Header

15.1.1 Document type

```
<document>
     <code code="73815-3" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.1"
          displayName="Indexing - Product Concept"/>
```

- 15.1.1.1 Document code is as above
- 15.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.

15.1.2 Author information

Product concept indexing is maintained by FDA:

15.1.2.1 Author information for Product Concept indexing is as one of the above

15.1.3 Reference Labeling

The information about a product concept is derived from Reference Labeling. The Reference Labeling is found in the SPL document submitted by the innovator, or, if the innovator has stopped marketing the product, by a designated generic manufacturer. The SPL document containing the Reference Labeling is specified using its setId as follows:

- 15.1.3.1 There is reference labeling specified.
- 15.1.3.2 Type code attribute is as above.
- 15.1.3.3 There is no document id
- 15.1.3.4 There is a set id
- 15.1.3.5 Set id is a GUID
- 15.1.3.6 Reference labeling set id is the set id of a drug listing document.
- 15.1.3.7 If a product concept indexing file for the same reference labeling set id has been previously submitted, then it is a prior version of this indexing document with the same set id.

15.1.3.8 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is associated with the same reference labeling set id.

15.2 Body

15.2.1 Product Concept Indexing Section

- 15.2.1.1 If the document type is 73815-3, "Indexing Product Concept", then the document contains one SPL Indexing Data Elements section as above.
- 15.2.1.2 There is one or more product

15.2.2 Abstract Product Concept

The Abstract Product Concept is based on the level 4 Pharmaceutical Product Identifier defined as a dose form with its active ingredients and strengths.

- 15.2.2.1 There is a product concept code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3389.
- 15.2.2.2 Code has the format of 8-4-4-12 hexadecimal digits where letter digits are lower case.
- 15.2.2.3 Code value matches the specified properties according to the Abstract Product Concept Code Specification (See 15.2.4).
- 15.2.2.4 There is a form code and it comes from the Product Concept Dosage Form List

15.2.3 Ingredient

```
<ingredient classCode="ACTIM, ACTIB, or ACTIR">
  <quantity>
     <numerator value="10" unit="mg"/>
     <denominator value="1" unit="1"/>
  </quantity>
  <ingredientSubstance>
     <code code="1234567890" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
     <name>tazminate malate</name>
     <activeMoiety>
       <activeMoiety>
         <code code="7617G6D29C" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9" />
          <name>MORPHINE</name>
       </activeMoiety>
     </activeMoiety>
   </ingredientSubstance>
</ingredient>
```

Validation Procedures

- 15.2.3.1 If the ingredient's basis of strength is the active moiety (class code is "ACTIM"), then one (and only one) active moiety, the actual basis of strength, is stated.
- 15.2.3.2 Active moiety has an active moiety UNII code.
- 15.2.3.3 If the ingredient's basis of strength is a reference substance (class code is "ACTIR"), then that reference substance is specified.
- 15.2.3.4 If the ingredient has a basis of strength other then the reference substance, then there is no reference substance.
- 15.2.3.5 Abstract product concept code should not match with any other abstract or equivalent product concept code.
- 15.2.3.6 Reference substance has an ingredient UNII code.

15.2.4 Abstract Product Concept Code Specification

The product concept code is created by computing the MD5 digest over a data structure describing the concept code unambiguously and uniquely, i.e., the same product concept is described by this and only this descriptor, and hence, by this and only this hash code. MD5 hash codes are 128 bit (16 byte) number which, in hexadecimal presentation, is 32 digits long. The hexadecimal digits are formatted in groups of 8-4-4-12 digits separated by hyphens.

The data structure which is the input of the MD5 digest is a pipe-delimited sequence of form code (dose form) by NCI thesaurus code only, followed by the active ingredients separated by the "pipe delimiter" ("|") in alphabetic order of their UNII

code. Each active ingredient is represented by the active ingredient code and the strength.

The dosage form code may be more generalized than the dosage form used in the SPL Listing documents. For example, "powder for solution" the code is generalized to "for solution". Some of these more abstract dosage form codes may not be included in the dosage form table that can be chosen for drug listing submissions. For instance, POWDER, FOR SUSPENSION (C42975) is generalized to FOR SUSPENSION (C42972). The mapping between the dosage forms can be found in the Product Concept Dosage Form list on the FDA web page.

When the basis of strength is the active moiety (ingredient/@classCodde = 'ACTIM') and the active moiety UNII is different from the active ingredient UNII, then the active moiety UNII is appended to the active ingredient UNII with a separating tilde ("~") character. Likewise, if the basis of strength is a reference substance, (ingredient/@classCodde = 'ACTIR'), then the active moiety UNII is appended to the active ingredient UNII with a separating tilde ("~") character.

The strength expression must be normalized to account for the fact that 10 mg in 5 mL are the same as 2 mg in 1 mL, and 1 g is the same as 1000 mg and appended with a pipe delimiter.

Example 1: Cefutoxime Axetil (Z49QDT0J8Z) powder for suspension (C42975) 125 mg of Cefutoxime (moiety, O1R9FJ93ED) in 5 mL is put together as "C42972|Z49QDT0J8Z~O1R9FJ93ED|2.500e1 mg/mL", for which the MD5 digest is "7fead104-1147-b435-1545-606b40a2cd6b".

Exmaple 2: Trimetoprim (AN164J8Y0X) 160 mg and Sulfametoxazole (JE42381TNV) 800 mg tablet (C42998). is put together as: "C42998|AN164J8Y0X|160e-3 g|JE42381TNV|8.000e2 mg", for which the MD5 digest is "8663a93b-5627-7466-306d-fd794b7d268a".

The normalized strength is computed by (1) normalizing the units by scaling the numbers, (2) dividing the normalized strength numerator by the normalized denominator, and (3) writing out the normalized strength number and the combined unit.

The normalized unit for both numerator and denominator, and their factor is determined by the following 3 step algorithm: (1) if the unit is "1" the factor is 1 and the normalized unit symbol is the empty string; or (2) find the unit in the Table 2: Normalized Units; or (3) if the unit is entirely embraced in square brackets "[...]" (see Table 3: Special Units in Square Brackets) the factor is 1 and the normalized unit is unchanged.

Table 12: Normalized Units

Unit	Kind of Quantity	Factor	Normalized Unit
mmol	amount of substance	1	mmol

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

nmol	amount of substance	10 ⁻³	mmol
meq	amount of valence	1	meq
cm2	area	1	cm2
d	elapsed time	86400	S
h	elapsed time	3600	S
min	elapsed time	60	S
U	katalytic activity	1	U
g	Mass	10 ³	mg
kg	Mass	10 ⁶	mg
mg	Mass	1	mg
ng	Mass	10 ⁻⁶	mg
ug	Mass	10 ⁻³	mg
Ci	Radioactivity	37 10 ³	MBq
mCi	Radioactivity	37	MBq
L	Volume	10 ³	mL
mL	Volume	1	mL
uL	Volume	10 ⁻³	mL

All units which are entirely enclosed in in brackets are represented as is with the trivial conversion factor 1.

With this the normalized strength value is computed as:

```
    (normalized strength number) =
        (strength numerator number) × (conversion factor of numerator unit)
    ÷ (strength denominator number) × (conversion factor of denominator unit)
```

In this example 125 mg in 5 mL, this is trivial because the conversion factors are 1.

If the strength had been written as 125 g in 5 L, the calculation would be:

```
(strength numberator number) = 125
(conversion factor of numerator unit g) = 1000
(strength denominator number) = 5
(conversion factor of denominator unit L) = 1000
```

(normalized strength number) = 125 $\times 1000$ $\div 5$ $\times 1000$ = 25

Finally, the combined normalized strength unit is written in the scientific notation in the format "-0.000e-9", where "-0.000" means the 4 digits with an optional negative sign and the decimal point always in the same position, "e" (lower case) is the exponent marker, verbatim as a lower case "e", and "-9" is the exponent to base 10, with the optional negative sign followed by however many digits are required, but no zero padding. Examples 25 is formatted as "2.500e1", 0.3766667 as "3.767e-1", and 250×10^{10} as "2.500e12.

The normalized formatted strength number is followed by a space and then the normalized numerator unit, followed by a solidus (or "forward slash", "/") and the normalized denominator unit. For example, "mg" in "mL" becomes "mg/mL"). If the normalized denominator unit symbol is the empty string (i.e., the denominator unit was "1"), no solidus is appended (e.g., "mg" and the empty string becomes "mg", not "mg/" nor "mg/1"). No attempt at canceling numerator and denominator units is made (e.g., "mg/mg" stays unchanged and is not reduced to 1.)

15.2.5 Application Product Concept

The Application Product Concept includes the marketing application identifier in addition to the dose form with its active ingredients and strengths.

- 15.2.5.1 There is an product concept code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.3389
- 15.2.5.2 Code has the format of 8-4-4-12 hexadecimal digits where letter digits are lower case.
- 15.2.5.3 Code value matches the specified properties according to the Application Product Concept Code Specification (See 15.2.4).
- 15.2.5.4 There is no form code.

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - 15.2.5.5 There is an equivalent product reference.
 - 15.2.5.6 There is an equivalence code with code system 2.16.840.1.113883.3.2964.
 - 15.2.5.7 Equivalence code is "A", "B", "OTC", or "N".
 - 15.2.5.8 Equivalent product concept code should not match with any other abstract or equivalent product concept code.
 - 15.2.5.9 There is a product concept reference with code and code system same as another product concept code of an Abstract or Application Product Concept in the same document.

15.2.6 Marketing Category and Application Number

```
<subject>
   <manufacturedProduct>
       <manufacturedProduct>
         <asEquivalentEntity> ... </asEquivalentEntity>
        </manufacturedProduct>
       <subjectOf>
            <approval>
            <id extension="NDA021223" root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.150" />
            <code code="C73594" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
displayName="NDA" />
             <author>
                 <territorialAuthority>
                    <territory>
                    <code code="USA" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.5.28" />
                    </territory>
                 </territorialAuthority>
             </author>
            </approval>
         </subjectOf>
       </manufacturedProduct>
   </subject>
```

Validation Procedures

- 15.2.6.1 There is one marketing category for every Product Equivalence
- 15.2.6.2 The marketing authorization should only be ANDA, BLA or NDA

15.2.7 Application Product Concept Code Specification

The Application Product Concept code is created by computing the MD5 digest over a data structure describing the Application Product concept code unambiguously and uniquely, i.e., the same equivalent product concept is described by this and only this descriptor, and hence, by this and only this hash code. MD5 hash codes are 128 bit (16 byte) number which, in hexadecimal presentation, is 32 digits long. The hexadecimal digits are formatted in in groups of 8-4-4-12 digits separated by hyphens.

The data structure which is the input of the MD5 digest is a pipe-delimited sequence of abstract product concept code and the application number separated by the "pipe delimiter" ("|").

Example 1: Cefutoxime Axetil (Z49QDT0J8Z) powder for suspension (C42975) 125 mg of Cefutoxime (moiety, O1R9FJ93ED) in 5 mL is put together as "C42972|Z49QDT0J8Z~01R9FJ93ED|2.500e1 mg/mL", for which the MD5 digest is "7fead104-1147-b435-1545-606b40a2cd6b". That is the abstract product concept.

Example 1a: GlaxoSmithKline's CEFTIM powder for suspension for 125 mg in 5 mL has the application number NDA050672, so its Application Product Concept is the MD5 hash of "7fead104-1147-b435-1545-606b40a2cd6b|NDA050672" which is "3b35d65f-9dc2-104c-e6be-8df3d2dfb11d".

Example 1b: Cefutoxime Axetil by Choice Pharma LLC for suspension for 125 mg in 5 mL may have the application number ANDA987654, so its Application Product Concept is the MD5 hash of "7fead104-1147-b435-1545-606b40a2cd6b|ANDA987654" which is "08007c2a-e9e4-0427-ea61-4d8197b2ef24".

Note: the concept hash code for an Application Product Concept is always formed from the Abstract Product Concept and the application number despite the fact that the ANDA equivalent product references the referenced product as its equivalent. The Application Product Concept however is independent of the choice of equivalence product only dependent on the Abstract Product Concept and the application number.

16 Lot Distribution Report

Table 13: Data Elements for Lot Distribution Report

Field Name	Field Description	SPL Mapping
Manufacturer License/Name (required)	FDA-assigned license number for the manufacturer of the product being reported in this row. Lot Distribution Data must be reported by the company that manufactures the product. If a licensed manufacturer sells a product to a second manufacturer and the latter conducts further manufacturing steps under its own license, such as packaging with a diluent or another primary product or modifying the package labeling, then the second manufacturer has the reporting obligation. Alternatively, if the second simply distributes the unchanged product to wholesalers, retailers, doctors' offices, and other parties, then the second is a distributor, and the first retains	Labeler with name and 2 ids, DUNS and License Number.
	the reporting obligation. By understanding this difference, we can avoid receiving duplicate reports for the same product. CBER may grant waivers to allow alternative reporting arrangements on a case by case basis.	
	If a company conducts further manufacturing steps on a product form another manufacturer, then would the new product be distributed under a different BLA number? If not, we would receive duplicate LDD reports for this product.	
Reporting Start Date (required)	Beginning of the reporting interval	Document effectiveTime low value
Reporting End Date	End of the reporting interval	Document

Field Name	Field Description	SPL Mapping
(required)		effectiveTime high value
Folder ID (Primary STN) (required)	FDA assigns a Submission Tracking Number for each licensed product. This STN is also known as a "Folder ID."	6 digits of the application number (approval id) after the BLA prefix
Product Name and Trade Name (required)	Provides the product name and trade name that are stored in the manufacturer's database. This information will be used for verification of consistency between STN and the identified product	Manufactured material name
National Drug Code (NDC) (required)	The FDA National Drug Code (NDC), which is used in product marketing and distribution to describe the product presentation and formulation, is a required 10-digit, 3-segment number separated by hyphens. This field identifies the labeler, product, and trade package size	Code of container reference form Label Lot; a listed NDC package code must exist.
Doses per Container (required)	Doses per final container in which the product is distributed. The FDA will use the data to calculate total number of doses.	Container volume divided by dose quantity specification.
Final Container Type (required)	Type of final container in which the product was distributed (e.g., vials or syringes).	Form code of container reference from Label Lot; must match the listed container's form code.
Final Container Product Amount and Unit (required)	Final container product amount number.	Quantity value and unit of container reference from Label Lot; must match the listed container's quantity.
Product Dosage (required)	Amount (number and unit) of medication in one dose. Product Dosage refers to reconstituted product ready for administration. Field can contain ">", "<", "≤", or "≥" symbols if product dosage varies. Field can be used to describe in detail dosage tiers that can be used for this product.	Dose quantity of substance administration from manufactured product.
Active ingredient amount number and unit (required)	Number and units for the amount of active ingredient (e.g., international units, grams, micrograms, plaque forming units, 50% Tissue Culture Infective Dose).	Ingredient quantity; must match the listed strengths.
Presentation (required)	Text Description of final container (examples: >312 IU/mL single dose vial 400 mg/vial single dose vial	All data is coded in container form and content quantity, no text field required.
Formulation (required)	Specific product subtype (e.g., dialysis vs. pediatric vs. adult formulations for hepatitis B vaccine); use a place-holding comma or space for products with only one formulation.	Not required
Label URL (optional)	Web link (if available) to professional package insert ("label")	Not required
Package Lot ID (If applicable)	Unique package lot identification for two separately licensed products, which are packaged together and distributed with a package lot identification code.	See 14.2.11.
	Although diluent's vials for reconstitution of some biological products bear separate label lot codes from those of the primary vaccine or other product, the diluent's lot data should not be submitted for lot distribution reports.	
Bulk Lot ID (optional)	The identification code associated with the largest manufacturing quantity. The reporting of bulk and fill lots is required per CFR § 600.81	See Bulk Lot below.
Ingredient (required)	Name of ingredient in bulk lot.	Instance of kind from Bulk Lot.
Fill Lot ID (required)	The identification code associated with an intermediate size	See Fill Lot below; this

Field Name	Field Description	SPL Mapping
	manufacturing unit	is the main entry point to Lot Distribution Data from manufactured product description.
Label Lot (required)	The identification code associated with the smallest manufacturing quantity	See Label Lot below.
Final Containers Distributed	The total number of final product containers (e.g., vials, syringes, etc.) distributed during the reporting period. If products are distributed in cartons or other packages, then the final container total should be pre-calculated.	Distribution product events under container under Label Lot.
	For instance, if products are packaged in a 5-dose carton pack of single vials, the final containers total should be presented as number of cartons 5	
	"Distributed" refers to shipment from a manufacturer to an independent consignee who assumes control over the product, typically a wholesaler, retailer, health care facility, or physician. Any product retained by a manufacturer, which is available for distribution but has not yet been shipped from the firm's own facilities, should not be included in "distributed" amounts.	
	"Anticipated" means the company projected total number of final product containers (e.g., vials, syringes, etc.) for distribution, including past and future reporting dates.	
Final Containers Returned	This field corresponds to the total number of final product containers/units (e.g., vials, syringes, etc.) that were returned during the reporting period	Return product events under container under Label Lot.
Initial Distribution Date	Represents the initial distribution date for each final container lot	Effective time low boundary of distribution product event.
Expiration Date	Represents the expiration date for each final container lot distributed	Label Lot expiration time value.
Foreign/Domestic Distributions Flag (required)	Represents domestic or international product distribution. Do not include country codes.	Not required
	FDA requires lot distribution reports only for distribution within the U.S. or to U.S. military bases abroad. This field is retained for consistency with a previously required file format.	
Distribution Type (required)	Represents the kind of data reported for this final container lot. FDA accepts interval distribution only.	Implicit in distribution event code.
Distribution Indicator (optional)	FDA should know whether more products from the same lot will be distributed in the future, or whether this a final distribution.	(Distributin product event with moodCode INT – scheduled for CPM update.)

16.1 SPL Header

16.1.1 Document type

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

```
<setId root="a30accef-f437-4136-808c-9ed4ada5fcf8"/>
<versionNumber value="1"/>
```

Validation Procedures

- 16.1.1.1 Document code is as above
- 16.1.1.2 If a document with the same set id has been previously submitted, then it is of the same type.

16.1.2 Author information

- 16.1.2.1 There is one author (labeler)
- 16.1.2.2 There are two ids
- 16.1.2.3 One id is the DUNS number with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1 with a 9-digit extension
- 16.1.2.4 One id is the manufacturer license number with the root 1.9.99.999.9999 with a 4-digit extension
- 16.1.2.5 There is one name
- 16.1.2.6 There may be one contact party (see the Procedures for contact party above)
- 16.1.2.7 Contact party has an email address specified.

16.1.3 Bulk-Lot Manufacturers

The manufacturing establishments which will be referred to in the bulk lot suppliers are listed here.

Validation Procedures

- 16.1.3.1 There are one or more bulk lot manufacturers.
- 16.1.3.2 There is no registrant information.
- 16.1.3.3 Bulk-lot manufacturer has one id (the DUNS number) and a name as in Section 2.1.5.
- 16.1.3.4 Each bulk-lot manufacturer appears only once.
- 16.1.3.5 Bulk-lot manufacturer ("assignedOrganization") has no other element besides id (the DUNS Number) and name.
- 16.1.3.6 The bulk-lot manufacturer id matches an establishment with same id (the DUNS Number) submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year

16.2 SPL Body

Validation Procedures

16.2.1.1 There is a document body

16.2.2 Data Elements Section

- 16.2.2.1 There is an SPL Data Elements section
- 16.2.2.2 Effective time has low and high boundaries indicating the reporting period of the lot distribution data (reporting start date, reporting end date).
- 16.2.2.3 Reporting start date has at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD
- 16.2.2.4 Reporting end date has at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD
- 16.2.2.5 Reporting start date is before reporting end date.
- 16.2.2.6 Reporting end date is the same as value of effective time in document information.

16.2.3 Product Data – Single Licensed Product

```
<section>
  <subject>
    <manufacturedProduct>
      <manufacturedProduct>
        <code code="1234-5678" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
        <name>Multivax
        <formCode code="C42973" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
                  displayName="POWDER, FOR SOLUTION"/>
        <ingredient classCode="ACTIB">
          <ingredientSubstance >
            <code code="KZ3L01D2PC" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.4.9"/>
            <name>HUMAN VIRUS ANTIGEN</name>
          </ingredientSubstance>
        </ingredient>
        <instanceOfKind>
          <!-- DISTRIBUTION DATA, SEE BELOW -->
        </instanceOfKind>
      </manufacturedProduct>
      <subjectOf>
        <approval>
          <id extension="BLA123456" root="2.16.840.1.113883.3.150"/>
          <code code="C73585" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"</pre>
                displayName="BLA"/>
        </approval>
      </subjectOf>
      <consumedIn><!-- DOSING SPECIFICATION --></consumedIn>
    </manufacturedProduct>
  </subject>
</section>
```

- 16.2.3.1 There is one or more subject manufactured products:
- 16.2.3.2 There is an NDC product code

- 16.2.3.3 The general rules about the product item code apply as per 3.1.1.2ff.
- 16.2.3.4 There is a trade name
- 16.2.3.5 Name contains no special symbols (e.g., no "®" or "TM" etc) and no "USP" or dosage forms.
- 16.2.3.6 Name matches the NDC code submitted in drug listings.
- 16.2.3.7 Dose form and active ingredients are specified, under parts if applicable.
- 16.2.3.8 There are no other product data elements, such as generic name, product source, inactive ingredients, etc.
- 16.2.3.9 The same product is not described in a lot distribution report with a different set id.
- 16.2.3.10 There is no lot distribution report with the same set id but a different product.

16.2.4 Dosing Specification

The dosing specification is used to compute the *number of doses* in any lot, or container, such as to comply with the *number of doses in fill lot/label lot* requirement specified by the regulation.

- 16.2.4.1 There is a dosing specification element.
- 16.2.4.2 There is a route code, and the rules for route of administration code apply (3.2.20.2f).
- 16.2.4.3 There is a dose quantity specification with a single value and unit, except for variable dose, which do not have the dose quantity element.
- 16.2.4.4 Value is a number

16.2.4.5 Unit comes from the UCUM units of measures list

16.2.5 Fill Lot

The fill lot is the lot of product which conforms to the specification of the product regardless of packaging, i.e., it has the form and the strength specified by the listing data for the package-independent NDC of the product. As such the fill lot is an instance of the product regardless of packaging.

Validation Procedures

- 16.2.5.1 There is a fill lot element
- 16.2.5.2 The lot has an id with the following general rules for lot numbers:
- 16.2.5.3 There is an id extension with the reported alphanumeric lot number string
- 16.2.5.4 Lot number string can contain digits, upper case letters and the characters "-" and "/".
- 16.2.5.5 There is a globally unique root OID
- 16.2.5.6 The globally unique root OID is formed by using the fixed prefix "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.1.2.10." followed by the NDC product code without dashes and without leading zeroes.

16.2.6 Bulk Lot(s)

Bulk lot is the instance of raw material that goes into one or more fill lots at possibly different strengths. As such the bulk lot represents one or more ingredient instances.

- 16.2.6.1 There is one or more bulk lot elements
- 16.2.6.2 The lot has an id, and the general rules for lot numbers apply.
- 16.2.6.3 The globally unique root OID is formed by using the fixed prefix "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.1.2.10." followed by the NDC Labeler Code without leading zeroes.
- 16.2.6.4 The bulk lot references an active ingredient
- 16.2.6.5 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.4.9
- 16.2.6.6 There is one ingredient name
- 16.2.6.7 Ingredient name matches the code
- 16.2.6.8 The ingredient is actually listed as an ingredient of the product
- 16.2.6.9 The bulk lot references one manufacturer
- 16.2.6.10 There is one id
- 16.2.6.11 id is the DUNS number of the bulk lot manufacturing establishment with the root 1.3.6.1.4.1.519.1 and a 9-digit extension
- 16.2.6.12 Bulk-lot manufacturer ("representedOrganization") has no other element besides id.
- 16.2.6.13 The bulk-lot manufacturer id is one of those listed in the bulk-lot manufacturers in the header.
- 16.2.6.14 The establishment id matches an establishment with same id submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year

- SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1
 - 16.2.6.15 The establishment id matches an establishment previously submitted in documents of type "establishment registration" in the same or previous calendar year with business operation *manufacture* (C43360)
 - 16.2.6.16 The bulk lot references no other product activity

16.2.7 Label Lot(s) (Final Container Lot)

The label lot, or final container lot is the instance of the product, a portion of the fill lot that is portioned out into individual containers.

Validation Procedures

- 16.2.7.1 There is one or more label lot elements
- 16.2.7.2 The lot has an id, and the general rules for lot numbers apply.
- 16.2.7.3 The globally unique root OID is formed by using the fixed prefix "1.3.6.1.4.1.32366.1.2.10." followed by the full 10-digit NDC code without dashes or leading zeroes.
- 16.2.7.4 There is an expiration time with a high boundary.
- 16.2.7.5 Expiration time has at least the precision of month in the format YYYYMM

16.2.8 Container Data Elements

- 16.2.8.1 There is a container reference
- 16.2.8.2 There is a quantity with a numerator and denominator
- 16.2.8.3 Numerator has a value greater than zero and a unit
- 16.2.8.4 Denominator has value 1 and either no unit or unit "1"
- 16.2.8.5 Quantity is the same as the package quantity of the product as described in the listing for the package NDC.
- 16.2.8.6 There is a container packaged product code
- 16.2.8.7 Container packaged product code is 10 digits (excluding any hyphens).
- 16.2.8.8 Code system for NDC Package Code is 2.16.840.1.113883.6.69
- 16.2.8.9 NDC Package Code contains three segments divided by hyphens.
- 16.2.8.10 The first two segments of the NDC Package Code matches the NDC Product Code
- 16.2.8.11 There is a form code and display name
- 16.2.8.12 Code system for form code is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 16.2.8.13 Display name matches form code
- 16.2.8.14 The container form code matches the form code specified for the container in the listing data.

16.2.9 Containers Distributed

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <instanceOfKind>
   <!-- FILL LOT -->
     <ingredient><!-- BULK LOT(S) --></ingredient>
     <member><!-- LABEL LOT -->
       <memberProductInstance>
         <asContent>
           <container><!-- container reference --></container>
<subjectOf>
 <quantity value="1000" unit="1"/>
 oductEvent>
   <code code="C106325"</pre>
         displayName="Distributed per reporting interval"
         codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
   <effectiveTime>
     <low value="20100101"/>
   </effectiveTime>
 </productEvent>
</subjectOf>
```

- 16.2.9.1 There are one or more product events
- 16.2.9.2 There is one quantity (Final Containers Distributed)
- 16.2.9.3 Quantity value is the integer number of final containers distributed.
- 16.2.9.4 Quantity unit is "1" or there is no unit.
- 16.2.9.5 There is a product event code
- 16.2.9.6 Code system is 2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1
- 16.2.9.7 The code is from the LDD *Distribution Codes* list and display name matches the code.
- 16.2.9.8 There is one distribution product event
- 16.2.9.9 Container distribution event has an effective time with low boundary specifying the Initial Distribution Date.
- 16.2.9.10 Initial distribution date has at least the precision of day in the format YYYYMMDD

16.2.10 Containers Returned Data

```
<manufacturedProduct>
  <instanceOfKind>
   <!-- FILL LOT -->
     <ingredient><!-- BULK LOT(S) --></ingredient>
     <member><!-- LABEL LOT -->
       <memberProductInstance>
         <asContent>
           <container><!-- container reference --></container>
<subjectOf>
 <quantity value="1000" unit="1"/>
 cproductEvent>
   <code code="C106328"</pre>
         displayName="Returned"
         codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.3.26.1.1"/>
 </productEvent>
</subjectOf>
```

- 16.2.10.1 There may be one returned product event
- 16.2.10.2 Returned product event has no effective time
- 16.2.10.3 There is no other product event

16.2.11 Product Data – Kit with Multiple Licensed Products

When the licensed product is only part of a kit, but the kit itself is not tracked as a "package lot", the lot data is specified under the appropriate part of the kit, and all the validation procedures specified for fill lot, bulk lot and label lot apply as above.

If in addition the kit itself is tracked as a "package lot", then the package lot data is specified for the entire kit as follows:

SPL Implementation Guide with Validation Procedures v1

```
<subject>
 <manufacturedProduct>
   <manufacturedProduct>
     <code code="1234-5679" codeSystem="2.16.840.1.113883.6.69"/>
     <name p:de="Trade Name">Multivax (MixKit)
     <instanceOfKind>
       < !-- PACKAGE LOT -->
         <id root="{Package Lot root OID}" extension="{Package Lot ID}"/>
         <part><!-- LABEL LOT -->
           <partProductInstance>
              <id root="{Label Lot root OID}" extension="{Label Lot ID}"/>
           </partProductInstance>
         </part>
       </productInstance>
       <subjectOf><!-- product events --></subjectOf>
     </instanceOfKind>
```

- 16.2.11.1 The rules for product code and name are as for simple products
- 16.2.11.2 There is one or more parts, referencing label lots of these parts.
- 16.2.11.3 There is a label lot specified elsewhere in the lot distribution report.
- 16.2.11.4 There are one or more product events
- 16.2.11.5 There general rules for product events apply
- 16.2.11.6 There is one distribution product event
- 16.2.11.7 There may be one returned product event
- 16.2.11.8 There is no other product event